a proof that I am not averse to its circulation.

In either case it behoves me to declare that I never had any such letter in my possession—and that I never heard its existence suggested but in the publication to which I allude.

I am, sir, your most ob't. serv't.
EDWARD LIVINGSTON.

To the Printers of the New Orleans Gazette.

LONDON, Mar 21.

Lord Howick made a long and excellent speech at the nomination for the county of Northumberland, at Morpeth, on Thursday last, of which the following is an extract:—"Gentlemen," said his Lordships, "the late administration have been accused of inattention to the shipping interest of the country, (I wish now to be understood as addressing myself more particularly to the freeholders from Newcastle and Shields,) I should be very happy, if any gentleman would come forward, and state in what manner the shipping interest has been neglected. I believe the American Intercourse Bill has given rise to complaints. Now, it must be sufficiently known, that our West India islands, are in a great measure dependent upon America, for the articles of lumber and provisions. That previously to the passing of this bill, the governors of the island, on their own responsibility, constantly kept up an intercourse with America, to obtain such supplies as were necessary; and, in return, permitted the Americans to purchase and take away articles produced in the islands. Bills of indemnity to the governors, on account of this illicit, but necessary traffic, were every year applied for and passed in Parliament. I submit, then, was it not better to legalize at once this intercourse with America, and vest a general power in the Privy Council for its regulation, than trust to the discretion of the West India governors individually for procuring such supplies as the islands might be in want of? Great complaints have also been excited against us on account of the treaty we lately negociated with America, although it would surely have been time enough to complain when the terms of that treaty came before the public. The Americans have not, however, thought that the advantages were entirely in their favor, for it is probable the treaty will not be ratified by their government.

Gentlemen, the great and unfortunate changes which have been effected to the North of Europe, cannot but have operated severely upon your interests, and it has been impossible to afford you any adequate relief. Restrictions were imposed upon neutrals, which produced the strongest remonstrances from the governments of their respective countries. One of my late acts, while in office, was to write a long letter to Denmark, in vindication of our measures in respect to neutrals, and I wish to God I could lay that letter before you to convince you how utterly unfounded have been your complaints that his majesty's late ministers were inimical to the shipping interests of the empire.

A convention has been entered into between the king of Prussia and the king of Sweden, by which the former undertakes to supply the latter with 13,000 men, who are to be commanded by gen. Blucher, 6000 of them are expected immediately at Stralsund.

On Friday se'nnight, the Charlotte, of Trenton, an American vessel, was lost near Tonningen, on the Sands, loaded with flour. It was occasioned by a black buoy being mistaken for a white one, owing to the sun shining very bright upon it. The crew were all saved, and the principal part of the cargo owing to its being in casks.

PARIS, May 12.

The Persian ambassador arrived the 26th of April, in the castle of Finkenstein, the following day he had an audience of the emperor, who, on the 28th, shewed him 20 battalions of infantry of his guards, and ordered them to make several manoeuvres, which the Ambassador contemplated with the utmost astonishment.

On the 29th, he had an audience of his majesty, who conversed a considerable time with him on Persian literature and antiquities. He is a gentleman of much information, and assured the emperor that there exist in Persia, memoirs of the war between the Persians and Romans; and also a history of Alexander, who does not agree with ours. The interpreter having told the emperor that the above history is found in the library, he ordered it to be translated.

The Moniteur, which contains the preceding article, gives afterwards a journal of the siege of Dantzic, from the 22d to the 30th April. It thereby appears, that, as is generally the case, the works have been continued by the besiegers, with more or less success.—The cannonade is kept up on both sides with uncommon vigor, and several sorties have been made. On the 25th, in the afternoon, marshal Lefebvre ordered the firing to cease, and sent his aide-camp to summon the place; but gen. Kalkruth, replied, that he should not listen to any proposals of that kind, until a practicable breach had been made.

In the following night the bombardment was kept up with great spirit, and several buildings in the town were set on fire, where it raged for some time—the garrison attempted a sortie, but was repulsed with considerable loss.

In the night of the 28th, the besieged made another sally, which was conducted with much skill and executed with great courage. But our corps of reserve at length succeeded in repulsing the enemy.

The 5 per cent. consolidated annuities are, inclusively of the dividend of the 22d of March, at 74 francs, 25 centimes.

WASHINGTON CITY,

WEDNESDAY, JULY 15.

In consequence of the indisposition of several of our compositors, we have been obliged to omit a considerable portion of the usual matter. All the news is however given.

The public will perceive, from the subjoined affidavit and letter, that there is some reason to distrust the pacific sentiments of the British commodore, as set forth in his conversation with Mr. Tazewell. The affidavit is copied from the original, forwarded by capt. Decatur to the Secretary of the Navy; the extract is from a private gentleman of respectability.

Personally appeared before me, Stephen Decatur, jun. commander of the naval force of the United States at Norfolk, John Cunningham, (a pilot for James River and Norfolk) & sweareth, by the Almighty God, that whilst he was on board the British merchant brig, Young Susan, lying at anchor in Hampton Roads, the first lieutenant & master of his Britannic majesty's ship Bellona, of 74 guns, came on board the aforesaid brig; and that the lieutenant stated, in the presence of the deponent, that the Bellona, Leopard, and Melampus were getting in order for coming up to Norfolk—that the Bellona had been lightened by putting forty tons of bread on board the Triumph, and had shifted her ballast from aft forward, for the purpose of lessening her draft as much as possible.

STEPHEN DECATUR, jun.
JOHN CUNNINGHAM.
Witnesses,
Charles Gordon,
Wm. Potts.

[The above affidavit was taken on board the United States frigate, Chesapeake, July the eighth, 1807.]

Extract of a letter from Hampton, dated July 9, 1807.

"It appears to be the intention of commodore Douglas to commence hostilities immediately. The Triumph & the Melampus went out of the Roads yesterday afternoon, and came to anchor off the Capes. Since they have been joined by a frigate and a sloop of war. The Bellona and Leopard are still in Hampton Roads. Commodore Douglas yesterday made another communication to the inhabitants of Norfolk—but which was returned to him by the Mayor unopened."

The following article is from the American Citizen. We do not republish it from any impression we have of the truth of that part of the letter which states the intention of the British to send an invading army into the U. States. Infatuated as the government of that nation may be, they will not at this day commit themselves by such an act of madness.

I lay before the reader the succeeding letter, received yesterday through the medium of our post office, as stated at the close; it is printed exactly as written. I have no reason to believe that it is an imposition.

Superscription.
"Mr. JAMES CHEATHAM,
"*Editor of the American Citizen,*
"New York.
"From Halifax, favored by Mr. Johnston.
CONTENTS.
"*Halifax*, , 1807.

"I am one of those unfortunate men who have been pressed on board British ships of war. I am an American born—a native of New York, and altho' I never expect to get back again, still I naturally have a love for my country—therefore I take this opportunity of letting you know your danger. The British expect to have an army landed in your country about the middle of January next—They have 1200 lads from the age of 15 to that of 18 exercised daily—these unfortunate youths are to be sent along with the army. I wish you would follow their example in the first instance and have your young men even from 14 and upwards formed in an uniform body and taught their manuel exercise. I am certain the American youth, if they have one spark of the fire of '76 within their bosoms will cheerfully come forward in support of their country. I must conclude by saying that if the narrows was fortified it would annoy the English greatly, for N. York is the first place they mean to land at. I wish, dear sir, you would publish this in your patriotic paper.

"Yours, &c. I. H***.

"Excuse my not signing my name, for it it was known I would certainly be *exalted*—on the gallows.

"I send this by a young man who I suppose will drop it in the post-office."

From the Norfolk Public Ledger of July 10.

It was yesterday rumored that the French ship L'Patriot, of 74 guns, had got down the bay, and proceeded to sea; we have the best reasons for saying that the report is without foundation.

On Wednesday evening two of the British ships (the Triumph and the Melampus) left Hampton Roads, and went down to the Capes; the Bellona and the Leopard remain as before.

We have not understood that the Proclamation of the President has been *officially* communicated to the commander of the British ships, although we believe that he is informed of it, but most probably waits an official notification before he departs, if he means to depart. This notification will probably be given this day.

The federal, and state executives, are daily adding to the security of our place. We are already in a state to bid defiance to the force now within our waters. This evening the Richmond and Petersburg Cavalry are expected at Portsmouth. The Infantry may be expected on Sunday.

Yesterday a large quantity of gunpowder and shot arrived for the use of the naval force of the U. States.

AN ACT

Authorising the President of the United States to accept the service of a number of Volunteer companies, not exceeding thirty thousand men.

SEC. 1. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America, in Congress assembled, That the President of the United States be, & he hereby is authorised to accept of any company or companies, of volunteers, either of Artillery, Cavalry, or Infantry, who may associate and offer themselves for the service, not exceeding thirty thousand men, who shall be clothed and furnished with horses at their own expense, and armed and equipped at the expence of the United States, after they shall be called into service, except such of them as may choose to furnish their own arms, and whose commissioned officers shall be appointed in the manner prescribed by law in the several states and territories to which such companies shall respectively belong: *Provided*, That where any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division of militia, already organised, shall tender their voluntary service to the United States, such company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division shall continue to be commanded by the officers holding commissions in the same, at the time of such tender, and any vacancy thereafter occurring shall be filled in the mode pointed out by law in the state or territory, wherein the said company, battalion, regiment, brigade or division shall have been originally raised.

SEC. 2. And be it further enacted, That any company, battalion, regiment, brigade, or division, thus offering itself for the service, shall be liable to be called upon to do military duty at any time the President of the United States shall judge proper, within two years after he shall accept the same, and shall be bound to continue in service for the term of twelve months after they shall have arrived at the place of rendezvous, unless sooner discharged, and when called into actual service, and whilst remaining therein, shall be under the same rules and regulations, and be entitled to the same pay, rations, forage and emoluments of every kind, bounty, and clothing excepted, with the regular troops of the United States:—*Provided*, That in lieu of clothing, every non-commissioned officer and private, in any company, who may thus offer themselves shall be entitled, when called into actual service, to receive in money, a sum equal to the cost of clothing of a non-commissioned officer, or private (as the case may be) in the regular troops of the United States.

SEC. 3. And be it further enacted, That the President of the United States be, and he hereby is, authorised to organise the companies, so tendering their service as aforesaid, into battalions, squadrons, regiments, brigades, and divisions, as soon as the number of volunteers shall render such organization, in his judgment, expedient; but until called into actual service, such companies shall be bound to do regular militia duty as is required by law in like manner as before the passage of this act.

SEC. 4. And be it further enacted, That in case any volunteer above mentioned, while in actual service, shall sustain any damage, by injury done to his horse, or such other equipment as shall have been furnished at his own expence, or by loss of the same, without any fault or negligence on his part, a reasonable sum, to be ascertained in such manner as the President of the United States may direct, shall be allowed and paid to such volunteer for each and every such damage or loss.

SEC. 5. And be it further enacted, That the sum of five hundred thousand dollars, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, be and the same is hereby appropriated towards defraying any expense incurred by virtue of the provisions of this act.

NATHL. MACON,
Speaker of the House of Representatives.
GEO. CLINTON,
Vice-President of the United States, and President of the Senate.
February 24, 1807—Approved,
TH: JEFFERSON.

NOTICE

THE Church on F street will be opened next Sabbath; the pews that remain undisposed of, will be let, on application either to John M'Gowan, Michael Nourse, or Toppan Webster.

Washington, 13th July, 1807.

In the Press,
And will be published with all possible expedition, (probably by the 1st of August)

THE
TRIAL
OF
Col. Aaron Burr,
For High Treason and Misdemeanor against the United States;
Began and held in Richmond (state of Virginia) on the 22d day of May, 1807.

Conditions of this Report.

1. It shall be well printed and delivered to subscribers (bound in boards) at 75 cents per volume, payable on delivery.

2. Each volume shall contain 350 large octavo pages, of small pica type, and close print.

3. Those who wish it, can have it handsomely bound and lettered, with only the additional charge of binding.

It is probable the work will not exceed 3 volumes, and each one shall be delivered to subscribers in succession, without delay.

☞ Subscriptions received by W. A. Rind, A. Suter, and J. March, Georgetown; R. C. Weightman, D. Rapine, and at the office of the subscribers, Washington city.

WESTCOTT & CO.
11th street, near Pennsylvania Avenue.
July 15—3t

RAMSAY'S LIFE OF WASHINGTON.

IN the press, and in a few weeks will be published by E. S THOMAS, of Providence, R. Island, late of Charleston, S. C. and for sale at J. March's book store, George Town.

The Life of
GEORGE WASHINGTON,
Commander in Chief of the Armies of the U. States of America, throughout the war which established their Independence, and first President of the United States.
BY DAVID RAMSAY, M. D.
AUTHOR OF THE HISTORY OF THE AMERICAN REVOLUTION.

This work will be published on the following conditions:

1st. It will be comprised in one volume, octavo, of about 400 pages, on a fine wove paper.

2d. It shall be ornamented with an elegant engraved Head of Washington.

3d. The price to Subscribers, in boards, will be two dollars and fifty cents; to non-subscribers, three dollars.

4. No money will be required until the books are ready for delivery.

On the merits of a work, coming from an author so celebrated in the annals of literature as Ramsay, suffice it to say, that the manuscript has been read by several gentlemen of great literary acquirements, and pronounced to be "a piece of elegant classic biography."

Subscriptions received at J. March's book store, High street, George Town.

Where are just received a new collection of books in every department of literature.

July 15

TEAS, SUGARS, BRANDY, RICE, &c.

WALTER & CLEMENT SMITH, have just received by the schooner Citizen, captain Sturges, and Providence captain Travers, from New York, and offer for sale at their Warehouse opposite Lowndes's wharf—

50 chests fresh Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas of fine quality,
100 boxes of 7lb. and 14lb. each, 200 leads 2lb. each } Superior and fresh Hyson, Imperial and Gunpowder Tea, put up in Canton for family use,
4 chests single Hyson,
7 pipes high 4th proof and well flavored Bordeaux Brandy,
20 tierces Rice,
15 hhds. best Surinam Molasses,
40 hhds. 30 barrels } Prime St. Croix and Trinidad Sugars.
15 hhds. Martinique clayed Sugar, entitled to drawback and certificate,
40 boxes, Claret and Frontignac wines, one dozen each,
30 boxes Olives and Capers,
20 baskets best refined Sweet Oil, 6 bottles each,
10 boxes London Mustard,
6 hhds. Spermaceti and Whale Oil,
100 Demijohns,
Pimento, Ginger, Nutmegs, Cloves, Fruits, &c.

And in Store,

Old Cogniac Brandy, very fine, Holland and country Gin, Whiskey, Peach and Apple Brandy, Sherry, Lisbon, Teneriffe, Port, Catalonia, and old Madeira Wines, old Jamaica Spirits, West India Rum, Segars, Lemons in boxes, Loaf and Lump Sugars, coarse Lisbon Salt. &c,

Georgetown, May 27—2awtf

20 Dollars Reward.

DESERTED this morning, from the United States ships of war laying in ordinary, a negro man named RICHARD BROWN. He is about 22 years of age, 5 feet 6 or 7 inches high well set, rather light colored, something forbidding in his countenance, wears his hair tied, and is a very active fellow—had on when he went away, a white shirt, nankeen pantaloons and an old great coat:

The above reward will be paid to any person who will bring him to the subscriber, or lodge him in jail in the district of Columbia, with reasonable charges.

JOHN CASSIN.
Navy Yard, Washington, July 8—3t

ELIAS B. CALDWELL,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
HAS removed his Office, to the house lately occupied by Mr. Law, on Capitol Hill.
Washington, July 26—tf

ATTENTION.

SONS of Columbia, it is death to sleep at our posts—all able bodied men, who have a desire to manifest their zeal in the cause of their country, are requested to meet at Myer's Hotel this evening, at seven o'clock, for the purpose of forming a volunteer company—and for the purpose of offering to the President of the United States their services, in defence of our government, our glorious constitution, and the honor of Freemen.

LITERARY NOTICE.

WM. DUANE, of Philadelphia, will thank such Book sellers, Printers, and others, as may have had the goodness to collect subscribers, for the
LIFE & WORKS OF DR FRANKLIN,
about to be published by Wm Duane, to forward to him lists of the subscribers obtained, with particular directions relative to their residence, &c.

Printers of newspapers, who have published the proposals for this extensive work, will add to the favors already conferred, by publishing the above in their respective papers, as often as convenient.

WM. DUANE will also thank those, who have collected subscribers, for
"*POLITICS FOR FARMERS AND MECHANICS,*"
to inform him of their names and places of residence, without delay.
July 13—

NOTICE is hereby given to the subscribers to the Washington Institution for the Education of youth, that an election will be holden at Mr. Meyer's Hotel, on Monday, the 20th inst. for the purpose of choosing six trustees on their part for said Institution during the ensuing year. The election will be open from 9 A. M. to 7 P. M.

JOHN DEMPSIE,
PHINEAS BRADLEY.
ANDREW WAY, jun.

BAR IRON, STEEL, &c.
FOR SALE,
By J. S. STEVENSON, *near the Navy Yard,*

Swedish and English carriage and chair Tire,
English square Iron,
Pennsylvania bar Iron, flat and square,
Rod and spike Iron,
German and English Steel.

J. S. Stevenson will sell the above at Philadelphia prices (adding only freight) for cash, or for tobacco deposited in the Ware house on the Eastern Branch—Persons wanting Iron will perceive the advantage of calling on J. S. S.

City of Washington, July 10—w3t

China, Glass, & Queen's-ware.

A. L. JONCHEREZ

HAS just received a fresh and a very extensive supply of Glass and Queen's Ware, and expects, by the first packet from Philadelphia, an assortment of China, among his goods lately received, are, 12 crates assorted ware Cases common half pint tumblers; which he will sell, by the Crate or Case, at a very moderate advance. Country and town merchants may be supplied with an assortment on as reasonable terms as can be had in the state of Maryland, or district of Columbia.

N. B.—A. L. Joncherez begs leave to inform his customers, that his prices are laid in such a way that no abatement can take place except when the goods are damaged. He therefore requests those who may honor him with their custom, not to cheapen them, as it would only be losing time, and time with him is precious.

Georgetown, May 29—w7t

PUBLIC SALE.

By virtue of a decree of the hon. the Circuit Court of the district of Columbia, sitting as a court of Chancery for the county of Washington, will be sold, at public sale, on the premises, the 5th day of August next, at 12 o'clock. M. that valuable stand situated in Georgetown, in the district of Columbia, and known by the name of

The UNION TAVERN,

now in the occupancy of Wm. Crawford, and late the property of Charles M'Laughlin, deceased; together with the Lots, Houses, Stables and improvements belonging to, and on which the said tavern is erected, and also the two story Brick House situate on Bridge street, near the said Union Tavern, and the Lot on which the same is erected, late the property of James S. Morsell, esq.

The terms of sale are the purchaser to give bonds, with approved security for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in three equal annual payments.

DANIEL BUSSARD, Trustee.

The creditors of the said Charles M'Laughlin are hereby notified to bring into the said court, their claims, with the vouchers thereof, against the said Charles M'Laughlin, within two months from the day of sale above mentioned.

DANIEL BUSSARD, trustee.
May 6—w12t

TRIAL of Col. AARON BURR.
WESCOTT & CO.
Eleventh street near Pennsylvania avenue, Washington city,

INFORM the public, that they have engaged Mr. THOMAS CARPENTER, one of the most able and correct Stenographers in the United States, to attend the Circuit Court to commence its session in Richmond, on the 22nd of this month; and if the trial comes on, to publish as speedily as possible, a full and complete account of it, accompanied by all the documents relative to this memorable and important decision.

May 18—tf