by entering their names on those lists. The Prospectus will serve to shew the distribution and contents of the work.

The map will most probably be published by the latter end of October next, and the first volume of the work about the 1st of January 1808; the two remaining volumes will follow in succession as early as they can possibly be prepared for publication.

As early as a just estimate of the price of the several parts of this work can be formed, public notice will be given of the same through the medium of the Press.

To Robert Frazier only has permission been given either by Gen. William Clark or myself, to publish any thing in relation to our late voyage. When the proposals were first drawn in October last for the publication of the Journal of that man, they were submitted to me for correction; I then expunged the promise which had been made, that the work should contain information in relation to the natural history of the country through which we had passed and cautioned the persons concerned in the publication not to promise the world any thing with which they had not the means of complying; but as the hope of gain seems to have out-stripped their good faith to the public in this respect, I think it my duty to declare that Robert Frazier, who was only a private on this expedition, is entirely unacquainted with celestial observations, mineralogy, botany, or zoology, and therefore cannot possibly give any accurate information on those subjects, nor on that of geography, and that the whole which can be expected from his Journal is merely a limited detail of our daily transactions. With respect to all unauthorised publications relative to this voyage, I presume that they cannot have stronger pretensions to accuracy or information than that of Robert Frazier.

MERIWETHER LEWIS.

PROSPECTUS

Of LEWIS and CLARK's Tour to the PACIFIC OCEAN, through the Interior of the Continent of North America, performed by order of the Government of the United States, during the years 1804, 1805, & 1806.

This work will be prepared by captain Meriwether Lewis, and will be divided into two parts, the whole comprised in Three Volumes, octavo, containing from four to five hundred pages, each; printed on good paper, and a fair Pica type. The several volumes in succession will be put to press at as early periods as the avocations of the author will permit him to prepare them for publication.

PART THE FIRST—IN TWO VOLUMES.

VOLUME FIRST—Will contain a narrative of the voyage, with a description of some of the most remarkable places in those hitherto unknown wilds of America, accompanied by a Map of good size, and embellished with a view of the great Cataract of the Missouri, the plan, on a large scale, of the connected falls of that river, as also of those of the falls, narrows, and great rapids of the Columbia, with their several portages. For the information of future voyagers there will be added in the sequel of this volume, some observations and remarks on the navigation of the Missouri and Columbia rivers, pointing out the precautions which must necessarily be taken, in order to insure success, together with an itinerary of the most direct and practicable route across the continent of North America, from the confluence of the Missouri and Mississippi rivers to the discharge of the Columbia into the Pacific Ocean.

VOLUME SECOND—Whatever properly appertains to geography, embracing a description of the rivers, mountains, climate, soil, and face of the country; a view of the Indian nations distributed over that vast region, shewing their traditions, habits, manners, customs, national characters, stature, complexions, dress, dwellings, arms, and domestic utensils, with many other interesting particulars in relation to them. Also observations and reflections on the subjects of civilizing, governing, and maintaining a friendly intercourse with those nations. A view of the fur trade of North America, setting forth a plan for its extention, and shewing the immense advantages which would accrue to the mercantile interests of the United States, by combining the same with a direct trade to the East Indies through the continent of North America. This volume will be embellished with a number of plates illustrative of the dress and general appearance of such Indian nations as differ materially from each other; of their habitations; their weapons and habiliments used in war; their hunting and fishing apparatus; domestic utensils, &c. In an appendix there will also be given a diary of the weather, kept with great attention throughout the whole of the voyage, shewing also the daily rise and fall of the principal water-courses which were navigated in the course of the same.

PART THE SECOND—IN ONE VOLUME.

This part of the work will be confined exclusively to scientific research, & principally to the natural history of these hitherto unknown regions. It will contain a full dissertation on such subjects as have fallen within the notice of the author, and which may properly be distributed under the heads of botany, mineralogy, and zoology, together with some strictures on the origin of Prairies, the cause of the muddiness of the Missouri, of volcanic appearances, and other natural phenomena which were met with in the course of this interesting tour. This volume will also contain a comparative view of twenty-three vocabularies of distinct Indian languages, procured by captains Lewis and Clark on the voyage, and will be ornamented and embellished with a much greater number of plates than will be bestowed on the first part of the work, as it is intended that every subject of natural history which is entirely new, and of which there are a considerable number, shall be accompanied by an appropriate engraving illustrative of it.

This distribution of the work has been made with a view to the accommodation of every description of readers, and is here offered to the patronage of the public in such shape, that all persons wishing to become subscribers, may accommodate themselves with either of the parts, or the entire work, as it shall be most convenient to themselves.

Detached from this work, there will be published on a large scale, as soon as a sufficient number of subscribers be obtained to defray the expence,

LEWIS & CLARK's

MAP OF NORTH AMERICA.

From longitude 9 deg. west, to the Pacific Ocean, and between 36 deg. and 52 north latitude.

Embracing all their late discoveries, & that part of the continent heretofore the least known. This map will be compiled from the best maps now extant, as well published as in manuscript, from the collective information of the best informed travellers through the various portions of that region, and corrected by a series of several hundred celestial observations, made by captain Lewis during his late tour.

For the convenience of subscribers, these several works will be delivered at the most respectable commercial towns, and at the seats of government of the respective states and territories within the union. No advance is required, nor will payment be demanded until such delivery is made.

Knowing that a very considerable proportion of the expence of such publications depends on the engravings which embellish or form them, and that the precise number of such engravings, particularly as it regards the second part of the work, have not yet been settled, it is difficult for the author at this moment to fix a price on them; he therefore declares to the public, that his late voyage was not undertaken with a view to pecuniary advantages, and pledges himself that the estimate which he will in this instance set on his literary labors shall be of the most moderate description; his principal reason indeed for proposing a subscription at all, is that he may be enabled to form some estimate of the number of copies to be struck off.

☞ *Editors of Public Prints in the United States, disposed to aid the publication of this work, are requested to give the foregoing a few insertions.*

Philadelphia, March 13.

A letter from St. Thomas under date of 5th February says—"The Tortola cruisers continue to blockade this port. The royal license for British vessels to trade to Hayti, arrived at Antigua a short time since, and there have arrived from windard 5 or 6 British vessels, all bound to Hayti, which have come here to procure German goods. A British armed ship also arrived here from Liverpool, with a cargo of dry goods, bound to Hayti——A captain D. who arrived here from Aux Cayes, informs, that there is every prospect of PETION becoming complete master of the island, as he has already actual possession of two thirds of the seaport towns.—A Portuguese ship with a very valuable cargo of dry goods, quicksilver, &c. has been lately condemned at Tortola—She was bound from Cadiz to Vera Cruz, with a licence from his Britanic majesty. She had been strictly examined by the blockading squadron off Cadiz, and also by several cruizers on her passage; but she could not pass through the ordeal of a Tortola court. She had on board some articles invoiced Pruning Hooks——Dougan had them discharged to examine them and instead of following the christian maxim of beating swords into pruning hooks, he beat the pruning hooks into swords; and Judge Robertson accordingly passed the sentence of confiscation of both vessel & cargo."

We are happy to announce the arrival in London of Lord Viscount Valensia on his return from India, by way of Suez with his secretary Mr. Salt, after nearly 5 years absence from England in various parts of India; his Lordship made several months stay in the Red Sea, and the adjacent sea coasts; and has made some valuable charts of those different places. Mr. Salt his Lordship's secretary, made an excursion into Abysinia with Major Aundle as far as the Capital Gondar. The public will be exceedingly gratified by the much valuable information, collected by his Lordship during this long, laborious and laudable research. A young Abyssinian Prince is in his suit, who is a near relation to Negade Ra Mahomet, one of the principal officers of state, so often mentioned by that celebrated traveller Bruce, as being his friend. This young Prince appears possessed of great natural endowments, and anxious to become acquainted with the manners and customs of Great Britain.

We are happy once more to contradict the report of the death of MUNGO PARK, who was said to have fallen a victim in the interior of Africa. Accounts were received of him about the middle of the present month, which stated his arrival at Tombuctoo, & that he is now on his return. It is to be feared he will encounter great difficulties in his journey, as he has to tow his boats all the way back against the stream. The journal that is sent to Europe is dated from Sansapang.

[*Tilloch's Philo. Mag. for Oct.* 1806.]

TREATY OF PEACE,

Between his majesty the Emperor of the French, king of Italy, and his serene highness the elector of Saxony.

His majesty the emperor of the French, king of Italy, protector of the Confederation of the Rhine, and his serene highness the Elector of Saxony, anxious to provide for the final re-establishment of peace between their states, have named for their respective plenipotentiaries, to wit, his majesty the emperor of the French, king of Italy, the general of division Michel Duroc, grand marshal of the palace, &c. &c. and his Serene electoral highness the elector of Saxony, count Charles Le Bose, his principal chamberlain, &c. &c. who, after having exchanged their full powers, have agreed upon the following articles:

Art. I. From the day of the signing of the treaty, there shall be peace and perfect friendship between the emperor of the French, king of Italy, and protector of the confederation of the Rhine, on the one part, and his serene electoral highness the elector of Saxony, on the other.

II. His electoral highness accedes to the treaty of confederation and alliance, concluded at Paris on the 12th of July in the present year; and by such accession he succeeds to all the privileges and obligations of the alliance, in the same way as if he were a principal contracting party to the said treaty.

III. His electoral highness will assume the title of king, and take his place in the college in the rank of kings, according to the order of his introduction.

IV. He cannot, without the previous consent of the confederation of the Rhine, in any case or for any cause whatever, allow a passage through the kingdom of Saxony to any army, or corps, or detachment of troops, appertaining to a power not a party to the said confederation.

V. The laws and ordinances which define the several rites of the various forms of worship established in Germany, having been abolished by the effect of the dissolution of the ancient Germanic body, and moreover not being compatible with the principle upon which the confederation has been formed, the exercise of the Catholic worship shall, throughout the whole kingdom of Saxony, be fully annihilated to the exercise of the Lutheran form of worship, and the followers of the two religions shall, without restriction, enjoy the same civil and political rights. This object is a particular condition with his majesty the emperor and king.

VI. His majesty the emperor of the French undertakes, that by the future treaty of peace with Prussia, the Cothusser Creis, or Circle of Cothus, shall be ceded to his majesty the king of Saxony.

VII. His majesty the king of Saxony cedes to such prince as shall be named by his majesty the emperor of the French, and in that part of Thuringia situated between the principalities of Eichfeld and Erfurt, a territory equal in revenue and population to the Circle of Cothus, which territory, serving as a point of union between the said princes, in full and entire sovereignty. The limits of this territory shall be fixed by commissaries appointed for that purpose, immediately after the exchange of the ratifications.

VIII. The contingent of the kingdom of Saxony, in case of war, shall consist in the whole of 20,000 men.

IX. During the present campaign, considering what has happened, the contingent of the kingdom of Saxony shall be 1500 cavalry, 4200 infantry, 300 artillery, and 12 pieces of cannon.

X. No contributions shall be levied after the signing of the present treaty.

XI. The present treaty shall be ratified, and the ratification exchanged at Dresden, in the course of eight days.

Done at Posen, December 11, 1806.

(Signed)
DUROC,
CHARLES, COUNT DE BOZE

FOR SALE.

I wish to sell at Private Sale, the following property—Lot No. 10 in square 348 with the improvements thereon—Lot No. 15 in square 378 60 feet front, and 100 back with three small Frames thereon in good order—Also Lot No. 1 in square 323, near the Theatre, with a story and half Frame 14 by 18 feet, complete and in the best order; the whole of them has good dry Cellars—Also a half Lot No. 5 in square 607, front 27, and running back 72 feet, on the Eastern Branch. Apply to

GEORGE MOORE.

City Washington, March 18—3t

This is to give notice that the Subscriber has obtained from the Orphans Court of Prince Georges county letters testamentary on the personal estate of Wilkerson Brashears late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber, at or before the first day of September next they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Given under my hand and seal, this 16th day of March 1807.

JOHN BRASHEARS, Adm'r of Wilkerson Brashears.

March 16—3t

WASHINGTON CITY.

WEDNESDAY, MARCH 18.

An arrival at Marblehead brings Bourdeaux papers to the 21st of January. This vessel brings the 45th Bulletin, by which it appears that the French gained on the 26th and 27th of December a decisive victory over the Russians, which was followed by their entire and precipitate retreat. The Russians lost 80 pieces of cannon, all their waggons, more than 1200 baggage carriages, and 12,000 men killed, wounded, or made prisoners. The French had 800 men killed and 2,000 wounded. The French Emperor had afterwards ordered his troops into winter quarters.

WASHINGTON & ALEXANDRIA

PACKET.

THE Public are respectfully informed, that a Packet will commence running on the 10th day of MAY next, between the above places will start at the hour of NINE o'clock every morning from the mouth of TYBER CREEK in the city of Washington, and at the hour of FOUR o'clock every evening from Alexandria. Accommodations for Passengers and Goods, will be amply provided by the public's obedient servant.

JACOB ONSTENGER.

City of Washington, March 18—3t

NOTICE.

On Wednesday the 15th day of April next will be exposed to public sale by the subscriber on the premises. The dwelling Plantation of the late Wilkerson Brashear deceased. Containing one hundred and nine acres of land laying in Prince George's county, about eight miles from Bladensburgh. The improvements are a dwelling house with a stone chimney, kitchen with a stone chimney, and other out houses, a large apple orchard of excellent fruit. It is needless to give any further description as any one wishing to purchase may view the land. The terms of sale will be made known on the day of sale.

JOHN BRASHEARS, administrator.

N. B. An indisputable title and immediate possession will be given the purchaser.

March 18, 1807.

This is to give notice, that the subscriber of the city of Washington in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphan's Court of Prince George's county in the state of Maryland, letters of administration on the personal estate of Thomas Ducket, late of said county deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber on or before the first day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate. Those indebted to the deceased are desired to make immediate payment.

ALLEN B DUCKETT, Adm.

City of Washington, March 18—tf

☞ All claims forwarded by mail must be post paid.

THE CELEBRATED ENGLISH
RUNNING HORSE

CLIFDEN,

WILL stand the ensuing season at my Farm in Prince Georges county about 5 miles from Queen Ann, 9 from Bladensburg, the same distance from Upper Marlborough, and about 15 from the city of Washington, at 25 DOLLARS the season; but 20 DOLLARS will be received in FULL if paid within the season; which will commence in March and end on the 1st of August. Good pasture will be furnished gratis, as soon as the grass is good, and in the mean time hay and corn furnished at the common price, for the Mares, according to orders. The utmost care will be taken of the mares, but I will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.

CLIFDEN is a horse of uncommonly fine form, above 15 and 1-2 hands high, of a beautiful deep blood bay, and perhaps the strongest made thorough blooded horse on the continent. Large and powerful horses produce the only real good turf horses.

Notes of hand must be sent with the Mares.

ISAAC DUCKETT.

March 6—1807.

PEDIGREE.

I certify, that Clifden was gotten by Alfred out of an own sister to the duke of Queensbury's bay horse Mulberry, which was gotten by Florizel out of sir James Pennyman's famous Matchem mare. Clifden was bred by the earl of Derby and sold untried for 500 guineas.

Isaac Pickering.

Foxlease, Hampshire, Aug. 18th, 1799.

A similar pedigree is given to Dr. Thornton by sir John Lade, who states that his royal highness the Prince of Wales presented Clifden to him: that he was a good sound horse, and won him some thousands on the turf.

ALLIANCE.

Alfred was gotten by Matchem	Rockingham's dam, Purity, by Matchem; Pumpkin, Maiden, Conundrum, Xanthus, Riddle, &c. by Matchem.
Alfred's dam by Snap.	Old Medley's dam by Snap; Snapdragon (dam of Old Sclimus's) dam by Snap; Old Shark's dam by Snap, &c.
Clifden's dam by Florizel.	Old Diomed (imported from England and now standing at 100 DOLLS. a mare in Virginia) by Florizel.
Florizel by Old King Herod.	High Flyer by Old King Herod; Woodpecker (sire of Cormorant and Dragon) Magnet (sire of Dare Devil), the famous running mare Muse by King Herod.

Clifden's grandam by Matchem; so that he possesses double close crosses of old Matchem, which covered at 50 guineas a mare, for the nine last years of his life, 25 mares by subscription, and died at 33 years of age—it was by old Cade the best son of the Godolphin Arabian. Thus Clifden descends immediately from the very best stock on earth, and his pedigree cannot be exceeded, indeed scarcely equalled.

PERFORMANCES.

In the year 1792, at 5 years old he won ten times out of his 12 first races as may be seen by the racing calender, which was unequalled for eight years except by Buzzard.

1 In 1792, Thursday, Aug 2d. a sweepstakes made for Lewes, outrun at Brighthelmston was 12st. 3lb 4 miles.

Mr. O'Kelly's b. m. Miss Windmill, by High Flyer, rode by himself - - 1

Mr Chichester's g. m. by King Fergus, rode by Lord Barrymore. - - 2

Sir John Lade's b. h. Clifden, by Alfred rode by himself - - 3

2 Lewes, Aug. 9th, a match, for 100 gs. 12st each h.

Sir John Lade's b. h. Clifden rode by Lord Barrymore 1 2 1

Mr Chichester's g. m. by King Fergus rode by Mr O'Kelly 2 1 2

3 Newmarket first October meeting same year, sir John Lade's b. h. Clifden by Alfred, years old, walked over the Beacon course, on Friday the 5th, and received the 70 gs. purse.

4. second October meeting same year. Monday 15th. Clifden carrying 9st 12lb. beat sir Charles Bunbury's Playfellow 4 years old carrying 7st. 8lb. D. I. 50 gs. 4 to 1 on Clifden.

5 Same day he received 10 gs from Mr. Chichester's Minister 12st each D. I. 25 gs.

6 On the 17th Clifden carrying 9st. beat Mr O'Kelly's Jig Bar (imported by the name of Traveller into Virginia) by Eclipse, carrying 8st. 3lb. both 5 years old. 50 gs.

7. On the 19th Clifden beat the duke of Grafton's Prunella in a sweepstakes of 25 gs. each, 10 gs. ft. and received forfeit from H. R. H. the duke of York's Fire; sir Charles Bunbury's Amelia; lord Clermont's Heroine; Mr. Golding's Nameless.

8. On the 20th he beat M. O'Kelly's Slack, across the Flat, 50 gs. 7 to 4 and 2 to 1 on Clifden.

9. On the 3d October, or Houghton meeting, Monday 29th, he received 40 gs from sir Charles Bunburry's Amelia. 100 gs. h. ft.

10. Same day he received 25 gs. from H. R. H. the duke of York's Pyracmon. 100 gs. h. ft.

11. Next day, 30th October, Mr. Montolieu's Halkin, by Jupiter, beat sir John Lade's Clifden, 100 gs.

12. November 1st. Clifden, 5 years old, carrying 8st. 8lb. beat Mr. O'Kelly's Exciseman, by Sweetbriar, aged, carrying 8st. 4lb.. 50 gs.

The last race Clifden ran in 1792 was against the duke of Bedford's large horse Dragon, by Woodpecker. This was an astonishing race; each horse was rode by his owner, and carried 15 st, or 210lb, over the Beacon Course 4 miles and nearly a quarter, for 300 gs. Clifden was beat; but the duke of Bedford rode 15st. and sir John Lade was obliged to carry about 5st. dead weight, enough to kill even a good horse! Dragon never ran another successful race. Clifden, owned by the hon. Mr. Bowes, ran the next year, and beat Mr. O'Kelly's br. g. carrying above 12st. each, rode by the owners, over the new course, Lewes, for 100 gs. 5 to 4 on Clifden.

The Duke of Queensberry's Mulberry, full brother to Clifden's dam, beat the following horses at New-Market; Lord Darby's Sir Peter Teazle, over the Beacon course, for 500 gs. and his Lordship has since refused six thousand guineas for Sir Peter, as stated in a letter to Dr. Thornton in 1800. Mulberry also beat Lord Clermont's Collector, over the six mile course, for 300 gs likewise the Yellow mare, for 300 gs. B. C also Lord Clermont's Woodcock, D. I. for 200 gs. In a sweepstakes of 50 gs. each D I he beat Lord Clermont's Woodcock 2d and Mr. Fox's Braganza 3d. In a sweepstakes of 300 guineas each across the flat, he beat Mr. Bullock's grey Pumkin 2d, and Lord Clermont's Ospray 3d. And in a sweepstakes of 100 gs each, he beat the duke of Grafton's Oberon 2d, Lord Clermont's Woodcock 3d, and Mr. Vernon's Multi 4th. Thus Clifden, besides being a capital runner himself, is altogether from the first race running stock.

I DO HEREBY CERTIFY, That Clifden stood in Chesterfield county at my stable, that he is a remarkable sure foal getter, and his colts are large and handsome.

Given under my hand this 30th day of January, 1804.

THOMAS BRANCH.

I do not know of any of Clifden's colts which have been tried, except the following, the performances of which are TRULY astonishing.

1. Mr. Ringgold's brown colt which won 3 times out of four, proving himself a powerful horse, and of great bottom.

2. Mr. Davis's colt, which has won several capital and severe four mile heat races.

3. Mr. Davis's Filly, which won at Frederick the only race she ran, three mile heats, after dropping a stolen colt a few months before.

4, A capital colt on the border of N. Carolina, which won a grand Sweepstakes, the only race I heard of his running.

5. *Rat*, or the Virginia-bite, by Clifden, an excellent runner, as many of the *knowing ones*, can testify.

W. THORNTON.

March 6—wtf.

PUBLIC SALE.

BY virtue of a deed of trust from James Wigfield to the subscriber will be sold to the highest bidder on the 27th of May next at the hour of 11 o'clock A. M. on the premises a Lot of ground supposed to contain ten acres with the wood thereon situated near the lower Eastern Branch bridge and on the road leading to Marlbro. Terms of sale cash.

BENSON L. M'CORMICK, Trustee.

February 27—wtdof