be with a view of occupying Naples, and of defeating any attempts that might be made by the Russian troops in Corfu. Whether Austria saw that so large a force would not be required to defeat the designs which the Russians in Corfu might entertain, or to over-run and occupy the whole kingdom of Naples, we know not, but she began to form a cordon upon her frontier from the Tyrol to Venice. She has alledged the epidemic distemper in Tuscany as the cause of this cordon—a pretence which does not deceive Bonaparte, who certainly perceives that so large a force can only be for the purpose of observation. It is evident that Austria suspects him. He has endeavored to quiet her apprehensions by an express condition that the new King of Lombardy shall renounce all claim to the succession to the Imperial Crown of France, and that the titles of Emperor of France and King of Lombardy shall never be united in the same person. But these assurances have not produced the effect of removing the apprehensions of Austria, or of inducing her to withdraw her cordon; she has recently increased it. Hence the altercation at the levee between Bonaparte and Count Cobentzel, to whom the former spoke in the language of insult and defiance.

The aggrandisement of his family, an aggrandisement for which they shall be indebted solely to him, is the vast object of his ambition. To give his family a power and a consequence which none ever possessed before—to be Emperor, reigning over dependent Kings—Kings bearing his name, and created by himself; is the grand scheme and determination of his mind—Kings of Italy and of Holland, Switzerland, and of Spain, all stripped from the same tree, and planted in the different soils of Europe by himself.—The Pope is conveniently absent from Rome, and already do we hear it insinuated, that his residence may be fixed elsewhere, by the intended changes in Italy. The kingdom of Etruria is sickly, and is hastening to its dissolution. In this kingdom of Lombardy will be merged the Republics of Liguria and Lucca, the kingdom of Etruria, and even the territories of the Church. Naples will be the last part of Italy seized and added to it. That such are Bonaparte's gigantic designs, seems to be suspected by Austria, and this is the motive of her having assembled so large a cordon.

We shall not be surprised to find that Bonaparte's object, in passing the Alps, is not to seat his brother on the throne of Lombardy in the first instance, but to place himself at the head of his army, attack and break the Austrian cordon, which, by being too extended, is in no part very strong; which, not expecting immediate hostilities, has not collected sufficient ammunition, and other necessaries, and thus drive the Austrians out of the Venetian territories, and secure the possession of them to France, that is to the kingdom of Lombardy.—Bonaparte sees that war with Austria is inevitable, and his policy is always to strike the first blow.

WASHINGTON CITY.

FRIDAY, April 5.

We offer our thanks to the gentleman from whom we have received the following Extracts; with an assurance that it will ever give us pleasure to lay before the public interesting information respecting the Western Country.

Extracts of Letters from William Dunbar, *Esquire, to Gen. Wilkinson.*

"Natchez, Feb. 15, 1805.

"On my return home I had the pleasure of receiving several of your letters: I have not time at this moment to sit down to make you a reply to all the obliging things you have said; the present is only intended to tell you that I am returned from an excursion up the Washita as high as the hot springs; this will serve as apology for my silence:—this little voyage was undertaken under the auspices of the President, in consequence of a suspension of the more considerable expeditions which were intended up the Arcansa and Red Rivers. The Washita river is nearly parallel to the Mississippi, and about 25 miles from it as high as the Post of the Washita, in 32° 30' latitude, and nearly under the same meridian with Natchez: higher up our little river winds round and becomes parallel to the Arcansa river; so that the hot springs are in 34° 31' lat. and about 6 h. 13' 1 2 West of Greenwich; the latter will be correctly stated when all the calculations are completed: the hot springs are numerous, and are from the temperature of 130 to 150° of Fahrenheit's thermometer. We are not acquainted with any other springs in America to be compared with those in respect to temperature; by analysis the water contains lime and a small portion of iron with a little free carbonic acid: it is a very agreeable tasted water either hot or cold. In the temperature of 130 I found both vegetable and animal life; the former is a species of moss resembling in some measure that which is described by Naturalists under the name of Byssi; the animal is a testaceous Bivalve. I examined it with the microscope when alive, it thrusts four legs out of its shell, of which the two before are pointed, probably to make incisions into the vessels of the moss to obtain its food; the hind legs are not pointed, but rather broad at the extremities to enable the animal to propel itself forward either through the water or on the plant; the largest of them do not exceed the 50th part of an inch, others are scarcely visible to the naked eye. I am now hurrying myself to get my journals transcribed for the President; they are not of much importance, but contain a couple of hundred pages exclusive of the geometrical part; we have taken courses and distances all the way from the mouth of Red River to the hot springs, upwards of 500 miles, and by the old French computation 240 leagues."

"*Natchez, Feb.* 23.—In my last I was a little premature in my account of the longitude of the hot springs upon a first hasty calculation, which we will now correct: a mistake had been made in correcting the error of the watch. I now find that from a mean of the results derived from nine distances of the moon from Arietis, the longitude of the hot springs appears to be only 6h. 10m. 5 s. West of Greenwich."

The act for incorporating the Merchants Bank of New York has received the definitive sanction of the Counsel of Revision.

INTERNAL IMPROVEMENTS.

The zeal for internal improvements, which has, for some time past, so honorably characterised the Eastern and middle states, is fast extending to the southern parts of the union. The legislature of Maryland, at their late session, authorised the incorporation of a company for making a turnpike road from Baltimore to Maryland—The greater part of the stock was allotted to Baltimore. On Monday the books were opened in that town, and in a few hours all the shares were subscribed, and one hundred and sixty over.

Thus has this spirited measure received the fairest promise of success; and thus is a new incentive offered to enterprise and public spirit. This measure is of great importance, as it demonstrates unequivocally the spirit of the monied men of Maryland, and that they only require the aid of the legislative body, in the formation of good plans, founded on liberal principles, to embark with cheerfulness their resources in the accomplishment of the greatest objects which can engage the attention of communities, that have already placed their liberties on the imperishable foundations of wise and impartial laws.

We record the following as a rare instance of heroism, which has seldom been surpassed, and which merits enumeration among the many displays of cool and collected courage evinced by our countrymen:

At a fire which took place in Philadelphia on Sunday last,

"The alarm was considerably heightened by the information of the occupier of the store, that a quarter keg, containing 25 pound of powder, was stored in the loft, on Friday last, (it being the most secure place, as neither candle, nor lanthern, was ever permitted to be carried there.) Yet this information, which at any other time would have created terror, had but little effect on the general exertions, in which Mr. *Joseph Peters* distinguished himself, by resolutely ascending to the loft, grasping the keg, covered with a coarse canvass bag, then on fire in several places, and bearing it off with considerable hazard."

A committee of the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania has made a report on sundry memorials in favor of calling a convention to modify the constitution of that state, recommending the submission of that question to the decision of the ensuing legislature, that the people may, in the mean time, have an opportunity of expressing their deliberate sense on the measure.

The Citizen says, that *John Langdon* is elected Governor of New Hampshire by a majority of 1952 votes.

The Rev. Mr. Gilbert, of Yorkshire, for 100 guineas paid to a nobleman about two years ago, receives a guinea a day as long as Bonaparte lives.

London paper.

By the arrival of the John Adams at Boston, London papers to the 8th of February are received. They contain no information of importance, except the declaration that all prospects of peace had vanished.

Alexandria, April 2.

The votes for a person to represent the counties of Prince William, Loudon, and Fairfax, in the House of Representatives of the United States, were yesterday taken for Prince William—The result, we are informed, was

For Colonel W. Elzey, 180
For Joseph Lewis, jun. 75

New-York, April 1.

From the best authority we are informed, that, when the ship Hare left Lisbon, the most friendly relations existed between Britain and Portugal, and there was every reason for believing that their friendship would not be interrupted by any proposisitions from the French.—It was perfectly understood in Lisbon that the British were to send two thousand troops to Madeira for the purpose of securing that valuable island. This circumstance, when considered in connection with the present situation of Portugal, surrounded and distressed by enemies, leaves no room to doubt of her determination to adhere to her ancient ally Britain, and, if peace cannot be maintained, to draw the sword against the French. The idea of removing the Portuguese government to the Brazils, rather than be controuled by France, we are assured, has never for a moment been laid aside. It is indeed surprising that it has not been put in execution. By abandoning their little spot on the European continent, for which they at present purchase peace both of France and Britain, and establishing the government in Brazil, they would effectually place themselves out of the reach of their disorganizing and turbulent neighbors, and might in a short time become as respectable as any nation in existence.

A dinner in honor of the Hero of the Mediterranean, was given at the Tontine on Saturday. Upwards of eighty gentlemen sat down to table. The dinner was probably the most elegant ever served up in this city.

A List of Letters remaining in the Post Office at Washington city on the 1st day of April 1805.

A.—Gen Ira Allen, 2, John Arthur, John Armstrong, Edward Ambash, Peter Abbott, George Adams.

B.—Peyton Bell, captain James Barron, James Brice, B. Breuil, Esq Wm. Bowning, Zaccheus Biggs, esq. Wm Proctor Bowhay, Wm. Byrne, Richard B. Beatie, Charles D. Brodie, Eliza Baker, Henry Brooke, jun. John Bowman, jun. 3, David Brodie, esq Monsieur Bickel, Clement Brooke, Alexander Brent, John Biot, 4, Miss Ann H Baker, Mr. James Buchanan, Philip T. Baker, esq. 3 Winar Burris, major Barry, Wm. Bayly 3, Philip Byerly, Mrs. Loveday Buchanan.

C.—Mr. Collet, Mrs. Zeporah Coming, Wm. L. Cox, 2, Ira Coale, John Costigan, Henry A. Callis, John Collins, Wm. Carroll, James M'Cresap, 2, captain John Cooper, Zachariah Cox, Thomas Cross, doctor Richard Chew, major James Clayland.

D.—Silas Dinsmore, esq. Bernard Derlin, Lorenzew Dow, John Darby, 2, Henry Dunlap, Benjamin Dunlany, esq.

E.—Monsieur Eaton, Andrew Ellison, James Eston, Evan Evans, lieutenant Samuel Elbert, Mr. Rufus Elliot.

F.—Mr. Solomon Fowler, captain Joshua Farnham Wm. Finlow, esq. Charles Field, Charles French

G—Lieutenant H. R. Graham, James Glover, esq. Wm. Gwynn, esq Mr. Jacob Good, Mr. John Gordon

H.—Mr. John Harris, doctor Grafton, D. Hanson, Jacob W Hallet, esq Mrs. Margaret Hugthrop, John Hastly, John Hal, Mr. John Hewitt, Mr. John Hoskins, lieutenant J. M Haswell, Wm. Hale, esq. Silas Hatley, esq

I—Mr. Wm Jackson, Mr. Jones, author of the Mystery, Mr John Innes, 2, Charles Jonet, esq 3, captain Samuel D. Ingham, mr. Thomas Jarisin.

K—Mr. Francis Kirby, doctor John Kittredge, Mr. James Kennedy.

L—Mr. John Lane, 2, Monsieur Lothon, 2, Mr. Thomas Lloyd, Opia Lindia, esq. Mr. Isaac Lewis, care of John Lewis.

M—Duncan M'Farland, Monsieur Maurice, Wm. Mattox, James M'Clasky, Alexander MacKay, Josiah Masters, esq. Mr. Thomas B. Morris, jun. Samuel M'Cloud, Wm. Magill, Henry Lyne Martin, esq doctor Thomas Marshall, Mr. Daniel May, Mr James M'Kim, jun. Mr. Wm. Minchin, A. M'Henry, esq. Mr. Thomas Mackon.

N—Mr. John Nelson, Mr. Wm. L. Naylor, Robert Nash, Mr. Richard Nelson.

P—Mr. David Polock, Mr. Wm. Prentiss 2, Lawson Pearson, Mr. James Peed, 2, John Parker, Mr. Du Pont, Mr. Richard Potts.

Q—Henry M. Queen.

R—mr. Alexander F. Rose, George Read, esq. 2, Peres Robinson, Thomas B. Reed, Edmond Randolph, esq. Miss Milly Ross, Rev. Thomas Rawlins.

S—mr. Michael Scott, mr. Henry Salvy, jun. monsieur Le Docteur Scott, mr. Wm. Smith, Mr. Samuel Southwick, mr. Oliver Stotton, mr. David Smylie, mr. Philip Spalding, mr. John J. Stall, Miss Patience Smith, Mr. John Shyrer, Betsey Shannon, Richard Stockton, esq. mr. Absolam Shurley, Godfrey Smith, mrs. Elizabeth Shorter, mr. Joshua Salstentall, 3, Alexander J. Scott, Mr. Wm. Sherrard.

T—Miss mary Taylor, care of mr. Cranch, mr. Joseph Turner, mr. Wm. Tunnicliff, mr. John Townsend, Clement Thomas, colonel Samuel Tuse, mr. John B. Treat, 2, mrs. Mary Tippet.

W—mr. Joseph Skelton Watson, miss Eleanor Lee Wallace, mr. Wm. Worthington, Mr. G J. Willmorces, mr. John White, Mr. Richard J. Wheatley, Benson White, Mr Josiah Whitney, lieutenant Leonard Williams, Miss Prudence Williams, Mr. Frederick Weber, Mr. Samuel Wham, Mr. Conrad Web, doctor James Wallis

Y—Mr. Charles Young.

Twenty Dollars Reward.

RANAWAY from the subscriber on the night of the 1st. instant, two negro men, viz. negro BEN about 20 years of age, stout made, a large mouth, with extreme flat nose, a scar on one of his arms occasioned by a burn (not recollected which), also a fresh scar on his left leg occasioned by a scald, he is about 5 feet 7 or 8 inches high, clothing not recollected—Also negro BOB, about 18 years of age, tolerable well made, a thin visage, about 5 feet 3 or 4 inches high, clothing not recollected—Any person bringing said negroes home if taken in the county 6 dollars, if within 30 miles from home 10 dollars, if 60 miles from home 8 dollars each, and if out of the state the above reward.

WILLIAM HARRISON.

Charlotte Hall, Saint Mary's county, Maryland, April 5—5t

NOTICE.

A Salary of three hundred and thirty three dollars, in addition to bed, board and washing, will be given to a single man, well recommended, who is willing to engage as a TUTOR, in a private family, 5 miles from Petersburg in Virginia; the year to commence the first of June next. If the postage be paid, letters addressed to G. M. near Petersburg, Virginia, will be attended to. The person offering his services is desired to state what he is qualified to teach.

April 5—1aw3t

VENDUE.

To be sold at public vendue on Wednesnesday the 10th of April at 4 o'clock, P. M. at the house of John Wall, north of the Seven Buildings.

ONE Light Travelling waggon and Gears for two horses—One Electrical Machine and apparatus—One Mandolin—36 sheets of Paintings of Prospective Views—Two Prospective Glasses, 40 Portrait Painting—One small Magnifying Glass.

Conditions cash.

April 5—tdf

PUBLIC SALE.

ON Saturday the 13th of day of April next at the dwelling house of the late Col. Charles Beatty, deceased, in George Town, will be exposed to public sale, the whole of the personal estate of the deceased, consisting of household furniture, as beds, tables, chairs, &c. and kitchen furniture, with a variety of mathematical instruments, maps, charts, a negro child, &c &c. Six months credit on sums over 20 dollars.

C. A. BEATTY,
A. RITCHIE, Adm'rs.
with the will annexed.

March 19, 1805—1aw3w

THIS is to give notice that the subscribers of Washington county in the district of Columbia have obtained from the Orphans court of said county letters of administration with the will annexed, on the personal estate of Col. Charles Beatty late of said county deceased; all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers, at before the first day of November next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefit of the said estate.

Given under our hands this 19th day of March 1805.

CHARLES A. BEATTY, &
AB. RITCHIE, Adm'rs. with the will annexed.

March 20—1aw8w

In the case of HENRY DUNLAP an insolvent debtor.

ORDERED that six months from and after the first day of February next, be limited and appointed for the creditors to bring in and exhibit their claims to the trustee. It is also ordered that this notice be published in the Washington Federalist and National Intelligencer and in a paper published in Philadelphia once a month for three months

By order of the hon, Wm. Cranch, esq one of the assistant judges of the circuit court of the district of Columbia

Test U. FORREST, Ck.

Jan. 28—1am3m

The subscriber being appointed trustee in the above case, requests the creditors of the said Dunlap to exhibit their claims without delay.

JOHN THOMPSON

IN the case of WILLIPAM SHEHERD, an insolvent debtor.

ORDERED that six months from and after the first day of December next, is limited and appointed for the creditors to bring in and exhibit their claims to the trustee.

It is also ordered that this notice be published in the National Intelligencer once a month prior to said day.

By order of the hon. Wm. Kilty, esq. chief judge of the circuit court of the district of Columbia.

URIAH FORREST, Clk.

Nov. 23.

Having been appointed trustee in the above case, the creditors are required to exhibit their claims, within the limited period, at my office

ROBERT W PEACOCK.

November 28—1am6m

In the case of GEORGE WALKER, an insolvent debtor

SIX months from and after the first day of November next is limited and appointed for the creditors of the said Walker to bring in and exhibit their claims to the trustee. It is ordered that this notice be published in the National Intelligencer and Washington Federalist once in each month prior to that day

By order of the hon. W. Cranch,

URIAH FORREST, Ck.

October 24—

The subscriber, appointed trustee in the above case of George Walker, requests all persons having claims to exhibit them without delay.

WILLIAM PROUT.

In the case of JAMES KNIGHT, an insolvent debtor.

ORDERED that six months from and after the first day of December next is limited and appointed for the creditors to bring in and exhibit their claims to the trustee. It is also ordered that this notice be published in the National Intelligencer once a month during said term.

By order of the hon. Wm. Cranch one of the assistant judges of the circuit court of the district of Columbia

URIAH FORREST, Ck.

Nov. 12.—

Being appointed trustee in the above case of James Knight. I request all persons having claims to exhibit them without delay to Mr. John Moffett of George town, and all persons indebted to make immediate payment to him, or to the subscriber, or suits will be commenced.

MATTHEW STEENE.

November 28—1am6m

In the case of JOSEPH ENGLISH an Insolvent Debtor.

ORDERED that six months from the first day of February next be limited and appointed for the creditors of said English to bring in and exhibit their claims to the Trustee. It is also ordered that this notice be published in the Washington Federalist and National Intelligencer once a month during said term.

By order of the honorable William Cranch, Esq. one of the Assistant Judges of the Circuit Court of the District of Columbia

URIAH FORREST, Clk.

28th January 1805.

The subscriber being appointed Trustee in the above case of Joseph English requests all those having claims against him to exhibit them without delay.

R. PARROTT.

Feb. 11.—1am6m.

In the case of CHARLES NEVITT, an insolvent debtor.

SIX months from and after the first day of November next is limited, and appointed for the creditors to bring in, and exhibit to the trustee their claims—It is ordered that notice be published in the National Intelligencer once a month during the said term.

By order of the hon. Wm. Cranch, one of the assistant judges of the circuit court of the district of Columbia.

URIAH FORREST, Ck.

Agreeable to the above order, the creditors are notified to exhibit their claims to the subscriber.

WILLIAM PROUT.

Washington, Oct 26—1am6m

NOTICE.

THIS is to give notice, that the subscriber of George Town, hath obtained from the Orphans court of Washington county in the district of Columbia, letters of administration de bonis non, on the personal estate of William Deakens, jun. late of said town deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof to the subscriber at or before the 1st day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of the said estate. Given under my hand this 18th day of March, 1805.

JOHN HOYE, admr' d' B. N.

NOTICE.

This is to give notice, that the subscribers of George Town, have obtained from the Orphan's court of Washington county in the district of Columbia, letters of administration on the personal estate of Francis Deakens, late of said town deceased. All persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, to the subscribers at or before the 1st day of October next, they may otherwise by law be excluded from all benefits of the said estate. Given under our hands this 18th day of March 1805.

JOHN HOYE, and
LEO. M. DEAKENS Executors.

ALL persons indebted to either of the said Deakens's estates, are requested to make immediate payment to the administrator and executors.

JOHN HOYE.

March 18—1aw4w

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100 DOLLARS REWARD.

RANAWAY, two months ago, about the middle of November, a Negro Man, named TOM DANIEL, five feet ten inches high, black complection, has lost some of his jaw teeth, very knock kneed, about 45 years of age. It is supposed that he has made to the northward, and has a free pass. He took with him a grey mare, and is very fond of driving a cart—apply to

RALPH LANE, Centreville,
Fairfax county, Virginia.

wtf

I DISCOVERED a few days since (in the Telegraphe) a challenge by Samuel Norwood, Esq Bonaparte against Democrat—

At Annapolis this fall, I proposed running Democrat against Bonaparte, carrying from 110 lbs to 140 at the discretion of Mr. Norwood; which was rejected. As Mr. Norwood refused the proposition made by me at that time, I am not bound to run the race proposed by him in the Telegraphe—Democrat will run Bonaparte over the Anapolis race course, on the third Tuesday in May next, four miles and repeat, for 1000 DOLLARS, play or pay, carrying 126lbs. each; which is the weight they are to carry by the rules of racing, both being seven years last spring—Should Mr. Norwood decline this offer, Democrat will cover mares next spring at the subscribers farm, from the first day of March until the first day of August, at Sixteen dollars each and Fifty cents for the groom. Democrat's pedigree is equal to the pedigree of any horse to be produced, having in him the blood of Medly, Eclipse, Figure, Dove, Godolphin, Arabian, and Mr. Taskin's Selima.

If this proposition is approved of by Mr. Norwood, notice will be given in the Maryland Gazette within forty days from the date hereof.

ISAAC DUCKETT.

December 21—1awt Apr 29