WASHINGTON CITY

FRIDAY, July 1.

NOTICE.

The Rev. Mr. Richards is expected to preach in the Baptist Meeting House, in this city, next sabbath morning at about 11 o'clock.—An arrangement has been made by the association for stated preaching *there* on the *first* Lords day in each month of the year.

Washington City, July 1st, 1803.

Among the donations lately made to the American Academy of Arts and Sciences, we notice the following:

An analysis of a mineral substance from North America, containing a metal hitherto unknown, by Charles Hatchett, Esq.* *Presented by the Author.*

* The mineral substance analyzed by Mr. Hatchett was sent, with various specimens of iron ores, to Sir Hans Sloane, by the late professor Winthrop, of *Cambridge*. To the new metal, which it contains, Mr. Hatchett has given the name of *Columbium*. His researches into the properties of this metal, were much limited, he observes, by the smallness of the quantity, which he had to operate upon; but he indulges a hope that more of the ore may soon be procured from the "*Massachusetes mines*." The academy, at their last meeting appointed a committee to attend to this subject, who are to ascertain the place, where the ore was found, and to procure further specimens.

Captain Von Bilaug, of the Swedish service, has invented a machine for swimming and floating on the water without the danger of drowning. As a reward for this discovery, his Swedish majesty has granted him a sum of 2000 rix dollars, and also an exclusive privilege for 25 years to execute and sell this swimming machine for his private emolument.

When Bonaparte was told that La Harpe had embraced Christianity in his last moments, "I hope (said he) that the embrace was mutual!"

FROM MARTINIQUE.

Accounts from this island, to the 20 May, mention, that a French frigate, five transports, and 3000 troops had arrived there from France; bringing orders for putting the island in a posture of defence:—That off Barbadoes an English frigate fired a gun, and brought to one of the French transports, and boarded her; in consequence of which the Governor of Martinique had dispatched a message to the Governor of Barbadoes, demanding the reason of this insult;—That the men of war at Martinique had been ordered home; and that *Jerome Bonaparte*, the younger brother of the first consul, had failed for France. [*Salem Gaz.*

New-York, June 21.

We have accounts from Guadaloupe, by Captain Hefferon of the brig Rambler, to the 5th of the present month. At that time a report was in circulation (brought by a vessel from Dominique) that 13 sail of the line and 5 frigates with troops had arrived at Barbadoes. A French frigate of 32 guns had sailed a few days before from Gaudaloupe on a cruize. Captain Scott, of the schooner Independence, now at Gaudaloupe, was boarded to the windward of the island by a British sloop of war, then cruizing on that station. Two transports with troops had arrived at Basseterre. Business very dull; flour from 14 to 16 dolls. per barrel, beef 12 1-2, pork no sale, fish low.

At Martinique and Basseterre great quantities of military stores had been received, and active preparations were making for war. An express lately reached Martinique from France with orders that all the line of battle ships stationed there should be sent without delay.

The French troops in the West India islands die in great numbers of the prevailing sickness.

A merchant in this city has received a letter from his correspondent at Cape Francois, per the brig Hound, under date of the 5th instant, from which the following is an extract:

"This day the price of Flour is thirty dollars a barrel. We have not six days supply in the place. Every other article of provision is plentiful. We hope in a few days to be supplied with a large quantity of Coffee from the brigands as it is currently reported an arrangement for that purpose has been made with them. On the first Messidor (June 19th) the duties on all vessels, will be as in 1789. In French vessels, imports free, exports 15 francs per 1000 cwt. on Coffee. American vessels pay litte or no duty with provisions; but dry goods are prohibited. We have been fifteen days without an arrival from America.

We are much gratified in being able to state from a respectable source, that there is now the strongest probability the long projected *Bridge across the Delaware*, will soon be carried into effect.

Mr. Timothy Palmer, (the celebrated New England bridgebuilder,) has lately, under the direction of the commissioners appointed by law to receive subscriptions, explored the river at the falls, ascertained the fittest scite, and presented an estimate of the cost, which after making large allowances for contingencies, does not exceed 80,000 dollars.

Phil. paper.

Pedestrian use of Balloons.

We have been amused, fatigued, and disappointed by the promises, the adventures, the narratives, and the contentions of persons who have lately soared into the air at the tail of a balloon. But the Pedestrian use of balloons remains yet untried in Great Britain. On the Continent it has been ingeniously proposed; for every cubic inch of the contents of a balloon, the weight of a person bearing it on his head is rendered one ounce lighter. A balloon may be easily carried on the head, which shall take full 50lbs. from the weight of a person walking. It is fixed by straps to a leather belt. These straps pass through a wooden support, by which the balloon rests on the head. Over the whole balloon is a net work, which preserves it firm in its position, and in its connection with the wooden support. The leather belt passes round the waist. From it hang two bottles, in which are the materials for a supply of inflammable gas, to be put into the balloon by a cock when any part escapes of that with which it is filled. The walker is furnished also with two oars, covered at one end with taffety, to assist his progress. The fabric of the balloon is of gummed taffety.

How much more an object of curiosity would the late Mr. Powell or Mr. Fletcher, in his late walk in Yorkshire, have been, with a balloon on his head, than in the plain way in which he walked?

It is reported that the First Consul's journey to Brussels has a double object, to inspect the new Provinces united to France, and to give a pretext to a considerable assemblage of troops in the parts nearest to the coast of England; that the English Minister saw into the snare, and it was that which produced the Message of the King of Great Britain to his Parliament.

(*Lon. Pap.*)

From the New York American Citizen.

NEW-YORK ELECTION.

The editor has been at some pains to collect the materials of the following statement of the result of the late election in this state, and of the present comparative number of the two parties in the legislature. We all know, and an immense majority of the people rejoice, that republicanism is triumphant; but an exhibit, shewing at one view their relative strength, has not before been published.

The one below, although not *official* with regard to the Assembly of the state, is correct. Our election law, as to the return of votes for members of Assembly, is defective. The votes for *Senators* are communicated, by the clerks of the respective counties, to the *Comptroller* and *Treasurer* of the state who are by law appointed to canvass and publish a correct statement of them.—Would it not be well to add to the election-law, in respect to the *Assembly* votes, a provision similar to the one by virtue of which those of the *Senate* are thus returned and published? At present the returns of votes for members of Assembly are made to the clerks of the respective counties in whose offices, in some instances, they remain *unpublished* to the citizens at large. From the offices of the county-clerks they ought to be transmitted to the heads of departments and by them published. In this way the votes of the state would be drawn to a *focus*, whence a correct statement of those of the respective counties and of the whole, might be promulged for the information of the citizens at large.

For want of this system the votes of the counties of Otsego, Cayuga, and Chenango, have not, that we know of, been published. We have examined in vain a file of the Albany Register for a statement of them, where, and where alone, if not in the Citizen, we might expect to find one.

The amendment suggested would, in our opinion, be an acceptable and valuable one. It would enable us to ascertain, annually, the progress or decline of the two parties. It would present facts of no small moment and furnish data for ingenious speculation. The difficulties hinted at prevents, in most cases, our annexing to the names of the members of the Assembly, the majorities by which they respectively prevailed; and as this could not be done in all, it is thought best not to attempt it in any. It is however confidently asserted that the *Republican* majority of the *state* is at least 20,000.

RELATIVE NUMBERS OF THE TWO PARTIES.

In the years 1798 and 1799 the federal had a majority in *both* houses: in the Senate it was very large.

SENATE.

	Rep.	*Fed.*
In 1800 this house consisted of 45 members: of these there were	18	25
1801, - - -	19	24
In the fall of this year the constitution was altered by a convention called for the purpose; the number of the senate was reduc'd from 43, a 32		
1802 - - -	20	12

ASSEMBLY.

In 1800 this branch consisted of 108 members; of these there were	66	42
1801, - - -	82	26
This year by the aforesaid alteration in the constitution the number of the Assembly was reduced from 108 to 100.		
1802, - - -	77	23

1803. SENATE.

Districts.	*Rep.*	*Fed.*
Southern,	6	0
Middle,	8	0
Eastern,	6	2
Western,	6	4
Total,	26	6

Republican majority in the Senate, 20

ASSEMBLY.

Counties.	*Rep.*	*Fed.*
New-York,	9	0
Richmond,	1	0
Suffolk, *	3	0
Queens,	2	1
Kings,	2	0
Westchester,	4	0
Rockland, †	1	0
Orange, ‡	4	0
Ulster,	4	0
Dutchess,	7	0
Columbia, *	4	0
Delaware,	2	0
Greene, †	2	0
Rensselaer, ‡	5	0
Albany,	0	6
Washington,	6	0
Clinton,	1	0
Essex,	1	0
Saratoga,	4	0
Schoharie,	2	0
Montgomery,	5	0
Herkimer, *	3	0
Onondago,	2	0
Otsego,	4	0
Chenango,	2	2
Tioga, †	1	0
Cayuga,	2	0
Ontario & Gennessee,	0	3
Steuben,	1	
Oneida & S. Lawrence,	0	4
Total,	84	16

Republican majority, 68!!

This statement supercedes the necessity of remark.—*Federalism* is emphatically in the "*last ditch*" in this important, and, within a few years back, highly *federal* state. It may admit of a doubt whether it is even desirable to see the federal party in a state of profounder humiliation.

The above is a happy illustration of Hamilton's "*federal chain*" that was to "*encircle the Union!*"

† No *federal* oposition in this county.
* Wholly *federal* last year.
‡ Last year *one* was *federal*.

DISTRICT of COLUMBIA, to wit:

BE it remembered, that on the ninth day of November, eighteen hundred and two, in the twenty-seventh year of the Independence of the United States of America, SAMUEL HARRISON SMITH of the said district, hath deposited in this office, the Title of a Book, the right whereof he claims as Proprietor, in the words following, to wit:

"HISTORY *of the* LAST SESSION *of* CONGRESS, *which commenced on the seventh of December*, 1801—*taken from the National Intelligencer*,"—in conformity to the act of the Congress of the United States, intituled "An act for the encouragement of learning by securing the copies of Maps, Charts, and Books to the Authors and Proprietors of such copies during the times therein mentioned."

In Testimony Whereof, I have hereunto subscribed my name, and affixed the Seal of my office the thirteenth day of November, Anno Domini one thousand eight hundred and two.

URIAH FORREST Clerk
Of the Circuit Court the of District o Columbia, for the County of Washington.

WAS committed to the Jail of Baltimore county, as a runaway, on the 19th inst, a negro man named JACOB, who is about 23 years of age, 5 feet 9 inches high, stout & well made; has a scar under his right cheek, about an inch long; has on a short green coatee with red cape, blue westcoat, Russia sheeting trowsers, and osnaburgh shirt, mixed grey worsted stockings, and half worn shoes and wool hat—He says he belongs to Mr. Robert Hodgson, of the state of Georgia. If the owner of said negro does not release him, he will be sold for his goal fees according to law.

JAMES WILSON,
Sheriff,

April 21. lawtf

[Republished by direction of the Mayor]

(By Authority.)

AN ACT

Requiring annual Licences to be taken out by Pedlars and Ordinary Keepers; and for the keeping of Carriages and Billiard Tables.

BE it enacted by the First and Second Chambers of the City Council of Washington, That after the first day of July next, licences, to remain in force for one year from their respective dates, and to be annually thereafter renewed, shall be taken out for the following objects, for which the annexed sums shall be paid by the person obtaining the same, to wit:

For carrying goods, wares and merchandize, for sale, from place to place, by persons usually denominated pedlars, sixteen dollars.

For keeping an ordinary, sixteen dollars.

For retailing wine and spirituous liquors in quantities not less than a pint, ten dollars.

For every coach, whether driven with a box, or by postillion, fifteen dollars.

For every chariot, post chariot, and post chaise, twelve dollars.

For every phaeton for the conveyance of one or more persons, with or without a top, and for every coachee or other carriage, having pannel work, with blinds, glasses or curtains in the upper division of the sides, front or back thereof, nine dollars.

For every four wheel carriage, having framed posts and tops, and hanging on steel springs (whether drawn by one or more horses) six dollars.

For every four wheel top carriage, hanging upon wooden or iron springs or jacks (whether drawn by one or more horses); and for every curricle, chaise, chair, sulkey, or other two wheel top carriage, hanging or resting upon steel or iron springs, three dollars.

For every other two wheel carriage, two dollars.

For every four wheel carriage, having framed posts and tops, and resting upon wooden spars, two dollars. *Provided*, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to require the obtaining a licence for any carriage usually and chiefly employed in husbandry, or for the transportation or carrying of goods, wares, merchandize, produce or commodities, nor shall any carriage usually denominated "Hacks" for which licences are directed to be taken out by the act for laying a tax on Hackney carriages, threatrical and other public amusements, be considered as within this act; but the same shall be taxed as directed by the aforementioned act.

For every Billiard table for gain, fifty dollars. *Provided* also, that no persons, shall, by this act, be obliged to take out licences for the objects aforesaid who have obtained licences therefor from the circuit court of the District of Columbia, until such licences shall expire; nor shall any carriages for which licences are directed to be taken as aforesaid, be assessed or taxed with the personal property of the proprietors, after licences therefore shall be obtained under this act.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted*, That the above licences shall be obtained by application to the Treasurer, who, on the payment of the sum required, shall give a receipt therefor to the applicant, who, on the delivery thereof to the Register, shall receive from him the licence, under his signature, and authenticated by the city seal, for which he shall charge no fee. And it shall be the duty of the Register to make entry of the licences granted, and of the receipt of the Treasurer, as well as to file the same.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That every person, who shall perform any act for which a licence is hereby required, without having previously obtained one in manner aforesaid, shall forfeit twice the amount of the sum payable for the licence, one half whereof shall go to the informer, and the other half to the use of the city.

JAMES BARRY,
President of the first chamber of the City Council of Washington.
DANL. CARROLL, of Dud'n
President of the second Chamber of the City Council of Washington.
Approved, May 25th, 1803.
ROBERT BRENT, *Mayor.*
True Copy,
Test,
THOMAS HERTY, Reg.
of the City of Washington.

For Sale, Rent, or to be Exchanged

FOR a Farm in the Territory of Columbia Improved or Unimproved Property in eligible situations in the City of Washington. Also for sale a Negro Wench and two Children, a Boy and Girl. For terms apply to

JAMES R. DERMOTT,
Capitol Hill, who continues to give information respecting City Lots.—A few unimproved for sale.

June 23 1803. 3t weekly

Prince George's County, Upper Marlboro', April 13, 1803.

At a stated meeting of a number of republican citizens of the said county to consider of measures proper to be pursued, preparatory to the ensuing election, THOMAS CONTEE, esq. in the chair, TRUEMAN TYLER, secretary, the following resolutions were adopted:

That WALTER BOWIE, esq. be requested to offer as a representative to the next Congress, and that it is the unanimous opinion of this meeting that he should be supported by this county.

Resolved, That Stephen West, Leonard Covington, Thomas Ducker, Clement Dyer and John M. Gantt Esqs. be a committee to communicate the above resolution to the republicans of Anne Arundel county, to inform them of Mr. Bowie's consent to serve, and request the support of the republicans of that county.

That it is the sense of this meeting that Stephen West, Esq be the candidate to represent this county in the state legislature in the room of Samuel Carr, esq. who has declined being a candidate.

Resolved unanimously that this meeting will support Robert Bowie, Archibald Vanhorn, Peter Wood and Stephen West, esqs. as proper persons to represent this county in the next General Assembly.

It is recommended that there be a committee appointed as soon as possible, by the republicans in each district in this county to consist of such members as at a meeting of the district shall be agreed upon.—This committee shall meet once in three weeks in the district until the first day in August next and once a week after until the election.

That each district appoint five persons to meet at Upper Marlboro' in general committee of the county once a month until the first day of August, and once a fortnight after until the ensuing election, and if a district shall fail to elect such members of a general committee then the committee of such district shall appoint five persons to attend the general committee of the county.

It shall be the duty of the district committee to correspond with the county committee, and of the county committee with a similar one in Anne Arundel county, if any such committee shall be appointed in that county.

The first meeting of the general committee to be the last Monday in June.

Resolved, That the proceedings of this meeting be published in the National Intelligencer.

TO LET,

And be entered upon immediately, three well finished BRICK HOUSES.

NEARLY opposite Morin's Tavern, on Twelfth street very near Pennsylvania Avenue, built for the WASHINGTON BUILDING COMPANY.

The Houses will be rented on very reasonable terms.

Apply to THOMAS CARPENTER near the President's Square. 1wtf

Dec. 1st.

A valuable Farm for Sale.

IN the county of Jefferson State of Virginia, four miles above Harpers Ferry, and four miles from the county town of Charleston—containing about 580 acres of limestone land; it is under several leases until the end of the present year, and has been managed to an improvement of the premises at a rent of about 500 dollars per annum. One tract contains 404 acres, one third of which is well timbered—15 acres of good meadow, watered by a constant stream—an apple orchard of about 200 trees of choice fruit well grown; the improvements upon this tract are a stone dwelling house and kitchen, a new log barn 60 by 24, a constant spring of good water, near the kitchen door—another tract contains 53 acres, one third of which is also well timbered, 4 acres of meadow, and an apple orchard of about 100 trees—the improvements thereon are a comfortable dwelling house, kitchen, barn and stables, with a well of good water at the door; the other are three tracts of 43 acres each, with a proportion of wood and meadow, on which there are buildings for tenants. These several tracts adjoin and make a compleat farm; the situation is pleasant and healthy, and in an agreeable neighbourhood. The price is Twenty Dollars per acre for the whole tract, and if sold separately the price will be at an advance. One half to be paid in cash, the other moiety in one, two and three years with interest from the day of sale and a security of the premises. The lands will be shewn by the tenants on application to George North, esq at Charlestown. An indisputable title will be made by the subscriber to whom letters may be addressed on the subject.

JOSEPH NOURSE.
George Town, District of Columbia,
June 14, 1803.

N. B. Harper's Ferry, on the Potomac river, is a public landing at which boats take in lading for George Town, Alexandria and the City of Washington. An armory has lately been erected at this place and is now carried on by the United States. 4t1aw

WAS committed to the jail of Baltimore county as a runaway servant, on the 6th instant, JOHN PHILIP WORM, a German, about 23 years of age, 5 feet 8 inches high, light complexion, red hair, grey eyes, has on a blue cloth coat and pantaloons, striped cotton jacket with sleeves, and an old wool hat; he is a baker by trade, and says he belongs to messrs. Bker and Valkman, living in Lombard street, Philadelphia. If his master or masters do not release him, he will be sold for his jail fees according to law.

James Wilson, Sheriff,

June 20 1awtf