NATIONAL INTELLIGENCER,

AND

WASHINGTON ADVERTISER.

Vol. III | WASHINGTON CITY, PRINTED BY SAMUEL HARRISON SMITH, PENNSYLVANIA AVENUE. | No. CCCXCVI.

Five Dolls. per ann. | FRIDAY, MAY 6, 1803. | Paid in Advance.

TO COUNTRY SUBSCRIBERS.

Subscribers, who have not complied with the fundamental term of this paper the payment of their annual subscription in advance, are respectfully informed that unless this shall be soon done, the Editor will be under the disagreeable necessity of ceasing to transmit their papers.

TO LET,

And be entered upon immediately, three well finished BRICK HOUSES,

NEARLY opposite Morin's Tavern, on Twelfth street very near Pennsylvania Avenue, built for the WASHINGTON BUILDING COMPANY.

The Houses will be rented on very reasonable terms.

Apply to THOMAS CARPENTER near the President's Square. eptf.

Dec. 1st.

Charlotte-Hall School.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,

That the Trustees will set up on the 2d Monday in May, to the lowest bidder, the building of a house at Charlotte-Hall for the residence of the Principal; agreeably to a plan which will then be submitted.

An advance of one half the cost will be made to the undertaker upon giving bond and security to be approved of by the Board of Trustees.

Signed by order,
NEALE H. SHAW, Regr

March 19, 1803. ep 2m in m.

Plank & scantling for cash.

Wanted for the Eastern Branch bridge, a quantity of the best HEART YELLOW PINE *plank and scantling, viz.*

2000 feet running, of 5 by 6 inches in lengths of 5 f. 3 inch.—10 f. 6 inch—15 9 inch. or 21 feet.

3400 feet running of 5 by 6 inch in lengths, from 17 f. 6 inch to 26 f. 6 inch.

3250 feet running of 2 inch plank 8 inch. wide and 3250 feet running of 4 by 4 inch in lengths of 8 f. 6.—17 f. 0 inch or 25 6 inch. as most convenient.

Also 50 000 feet 4 inch plank in 17 feet lengths.

The whole must be sound and entire heart —Apply speedily to

WILLIAM BRENT.
Treasurer to the Eastern Branch bridge company.

Capitol Hill May 4 1803. ep2w.

To be sold positively at public sale, on Tuesday the 26 of May, on the premises.

THE Subscriber's life-estate in the Walnut Tree Farm situate on the river Potomac, about 4 miles below Alexandria. The farm consists of about 360 acres. The buildings and improvements very good, and the fishery attached to it very valuable.

Also will be sold at the same time and place, a number of horses, cattle and sheep, and a variety of farming utensils as well as a quantity of household furniture, consisting of mahogany tables, bureaus, bedstead, chairs &c.

The terms cash, for all sums under one hundred dollars; and for all sums above, approval notes negociable in the banks of Alexandria or Columbia, at 60 and 90 days.

TOBIAS LEAR.

May 4, 1803. ep24M.

THE subscriber informs his friends and the public at large, that he intends commencing the practice of Medicine, and has situated himself on Pennsylvania Avenue opposite Mr. Duane's book store, where a constant attendance will be given, and every attention paid to those whose cases may be committed to his care.

JOHN WILLIS.

Washington May 4.

ep6t.

FOR SALE,

One half of the valuable

Tracts of LAND, in Stafford county, called Bell Plains and Hickory Bottom, late the property and residence of George Lee Waugh, deceased. Upon the land are an excellent dwelling house, with four rooms on each floor, and passage; a large barn, kitchen, dairy and smoke house; bounded on one side by Potomac creek, where is an excellent fishery, and abundance of wild fowl in the season. This land will be sold altogether, or in lots, as may best suit the purchasers. Any person desirous of viewing it, will be shewn Bell Plains, by applying to Mr. Carey Selden, who lives convenient, and the Hickory Bottom tract by Mr. John Sweetman, who can also shew all the lines.

If this land is not disposed of by private sale, it will be set up to the highest bidder, at Mr. Estes's tavern in Fredericksburg, on Friday the 6th day of May next, where a plat will be shewn to those who wish to purchase.

Two thirds of the purchase money must be paid down. Twelve months credit will be given for the balance, on giving bond with approved security, to bear interest from the date. For other particulars apply to the subscriber, who is authorised by the devisees to bargain for the same.

GAWIN CORBIN TURBERVILLE.
King George county, Doegg,

April 8. eptM6

LEBOO

WILL cover the ensuing season, to commence the first day of April, and end on the last day of June, on Mondays and Tuesdays at Queen Anne; Wednesdays and Thursdays at the farm of the subscriber, and Fridays and Saturdays at Bladensburg; at the rate of 16 dollars per Mare, cash, and half a dollar to the groom; the money to the groom to be sent with the mare, and a note for the balance, with the assumption of Messrs. Clagett or Hodges, of Queen Anne, or Messrs Lowndes or Bruce, of Bladensburg, payable on the first day of December next, will be received.

Leboo is eight years old, a fine bright bay, 15 hands three inches high, a star and two white feet. He has proven himself both a sure and good foal-getter, having covered at four years old 25 mares, all of whom proved with foal; the colts are equal in size and beauty to any in this part of the country, and except in two instances, they were alike as to colour. At four years old Leboo won the colt's purse at Annapolis; on the next day he won the City purse, and on the third day he won a purse in Prince George's county, immediately after having travelled upwards of 30 miles. The next spring, at 5 years old, he won the first day's purse at Canton; the fall after he run against Mr. Tayloe's Leviathan, at Alexandria, one heat, was lame and drawn; a few days after he won the first day's purse at Govan's town. At 6 years old he won the first day's purse at Canton; the fall after he won the purse again at Canton, the jockey club purse at Govan's town, the purses at Frederick town, and the city of Washington; running nine miles, by mistake, at the last mentioned place, beating Mr. Tayloe's Leviathan. At seven years old he received a forfeit of 900 dollars at Havre-de-Grass, proceeded on to German town, won the first heat, afterwards fell lame, and was beat by Gen. Ridgely's Hamlet, whom he had beaten three times before.

Leboo was got by High Flier, his blood and figure equal to that of any other horse, and his pedigree may be seen by applying to the subscriber.

OSBORN SPRIGG.

Prince George's County, March 28.

☞ *The Subscriber will furnish good pasture, at half a dollar per week, but will not be answerable for accidents or escapes.*

TAKE NOTICE.

I WILL sell five hundred and fifty acres of Land whereon I live, in Fairfax county, within five miles of the court house, and within twenty of the City of Washington, Alexandria, Dumfries, and twelve of the Occaquon mills, it is a healthy situation, the land fertile, and has about two hundred acres of wood to cut, there is a great proportion of white and red oak, popular and hickory timber—There is nearly one hundred acres of prime land for meadow, I will give six months credit for one fourth of the purchase money—twelve months for the other quarter, eighteen for the third, and two years for the last payment, a purchaser will find me on the the premises.

THOS. POLLARD.

Feb. 21st. tf.

FOR SALE OR RENT,

THAT elegant three story BRICK HOUSE on the corner of Falls & Frederick street in George Town, lately occupied by Mr. PICHON.

Likewise,

THE two well finished three story BRICK HOUSES, adjoining that occupied by Mr. SAMUEL H. SMITH, Printer, on the Pennsylvania Avenue, east of the centre Market House, City of Washington—Apply to

GEORGE THOMPSON,
George Town.

Geo. Town, Oct. 20. tf.

CHARLES VARDEN,

TAYLOR,

FROM PHILADELPHIA.

HAS received from Philadelphia an elegant assortment of the best quality Superfine Cloths, Cassimeres, Silk florintine, Black and fancy silk moleskin velvet, white & figured Marselles, Swandowns, Toilinettes, Velveteens, Fancy cords, Coating, &c.

With a variety of other articles suitable for the winter season.

N. B. Ladies Habits, Regimentals and Navy uniforms made in the first style of fashion.

New-Jersey Avenue, the second House from the Capitol Square.

December 8, 1802. tf.

THOMAS CARPENTER, TAYLOR,

HAS Just received by recent arrivals at Philadelphia, from England, and the East Indies, a handsome assortment of SPRING and SUMMER GOODS, of the best quality, also Patent water proof Cloth's and Cassimere's, superior NAVY BLUE and other colours; handsome NAVY & FASHIONABLE BUTTONS, &c.

Gentlemen of ARMY, NAVY and FASHION served with expedition and taste.

New Jersey Avenue, seventh house from Capitol Square and Pennsylvania Avenue near the President's square.

April 13 1803. tf.

WANTED,

One or two Boys to learn the

BOOT and SHOE-MAKING Business.—Apply to *JOHN CROOKSHANK.*

George-Town, Jan. 19, 1803. tf.

Carpenters and Labourers Wanted.

WANTED to work on the Bridge over the eastern Branch of Potomak, a number of rough Capenters, also a number of labourers by the month, to whom employment will be given during the whole of the summer. Their wages will be paid monthly, and the best prices will be given. Application to be made to the Subscriber.

WILLIAM BRENT.
Treasurer of the Eastern Branch Bridge Company April 18th. ep 3w.

Valuable Medicines.

The Public are respectfully informed that LEE & CO. *and the Agents of their appointments, will in future keep a constant supply of the following Medicines, which are in high esteem and general use throughout the United States, many of them being sold cheaper than the Drugs of which they are compounded, could be purchased at a retail store.*

HAMILTON's ELIXIR;

A sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, Sore Throats, and approaching Consumptions.

To Parents who may have Children afflicted with the HOOPING COUGH,

THIS discovery is of the first magnitude, as it affords immediate relief, checks the progress, and in a short time entirely removes the most cruel disorders to which children are liable; the Elixir is so perfectly agreeable, and the dose so small that no difficulty arises in taking it.

Mr. Charles Myers, Hampstead Hill, near Baltimore, had been a long time dangerously indisposed, and was reduced to the lowest state of weakness, insomuch that his recovery appeared doubtful. His complaints, which seemed to be affections of the breast and lungs, and general debility occasioned thereby, yielded little, but rather progressed under the treatment of several eminent physicians; when by the use of Hamilton's Elixir, his distressing cough was immediately alleviated, and every other symptom rapidly subsided. Four or five bottles entirely removed his complaints, and restored him to an excellent state of health and strength which he has for upwards of 2 years past enjoyed without interruption.

From LUTHER MARTIN, Esq. Attorney General of the State of Maryland.

GENTLEMEN,

I comply with your request in stating my opinion of Hamilton's Elixir—It has been used in my family for two or three years past, with uniform success, whenever colds, coughs, or similar complaints have rendered medicine necessary—I have myself found it an excellent and agreeable remedy for a very painful and troublesome affection of the breast, accompanied with soreness and with obstructed and difficult breathing.

On these accounts I do not hesitate to recommend Hamilton's Elixir, as a valuable medicine, and deserving public attention.

LUTHER MARTIN.

Mr. Alijah Henly, Bridge-street, Baltimore, was cured by one bottle of Hamilton's Elixir, of a very complicated disorder, occasioned by a severe cold, caught several months ago—He breathed with the greatest difficulty, and was often thrown into weakning sweats when he attempted to walk any distance, and his voice would frequently fail in such a degree that he could only attempt to whisper; he has been upwards of six weeks without a return of his complaints, and desires to give his public testimony in favor of this invaluable medicine.

Mrs. Elizabeth Jones, South Howard street, was greatly relieved of an asthmatic complaint of several years standing, by the first bottle of Hamilton's Elixir—and by the use of five bottles she has acquired a degree of ease and strength to which she had been long a stranger. She had taken balsam of honey, Church's cough drops, and other medicines, without any benefit, and sometimes to the evident injury of her breathing.

Sold ONLY *in Columbia District, S. Bishop, Bookseller, Alexandria—Dr. John Ott, Druggist, George Town—and Rapine and Conrad, Booksellers, Capitol Hill, Washington.*

Feb. 2. 1awt1t.

FOR SALE OR RENT,

A two story frame House and

Lot, in square 725 (situate near the Capitol) at present occupied by John C. Dixon. Possession may be had the first day of May next. For terms apply to

ALEXANDER M'CORMICK,
East Capitol street.

April 4 eptf

All persons having claims or

demands of any nature against the subscriber, are requested to exhibit their accounts, without delay, to JOHN HEWIT or RICHARD FORREST, Esqrs. of the city of Washington, who are authorised, in my name, to adjust and settle the same; and all persons indebted to me are requested to make payment to either of the gentlemen above named.

SAMUEL BLODGET.

March 30. tf

From the Aurora.

THE YAZOO SPECULATION.

This subject had long kept open the flood gates of fraud and speculation, and by the enormity of corruption in which it was conceived and executed, cast a deep shade of dishonor over the whole American nation; that dishonor was wiped away from the nation and fixed upon the authors and abettors of the ignominy by a subsequent act of public justice, by the bold and signal act of the Georgia legislature which decreed the annihilation of the records of the dishonorable transaction. Congress at the last session, having acted upon this subject so as to render justice to these who had been the unsuspecting victims of the frauds, and the tide of iniquitous speculation being now checked in that quarter, we think it proper to give a sketch of the speech of general *Jackson* in the senate of the United States on the subject, when the bill was before that house in committee of the whole on the bill for disposing of lands of U. S. south of Tennessee. General Jackson had moved an amendment to the bill for appropriating as much of the five millions reserve as congress might deem fit to provide for quieting what was termed Yazoo claims. To this Mr. Clinton moved a futher amendment—the purport of which will be understood from gen. Jackson's speech which we give, as well to guard the public agaist further speculations, as to record the facts which it contains, and which will one day form a curious part of our history.

Mr. President——Although I do not see the necessity of the proposed amendment offered by the gentleman from New-York, to the one I have had the honor to propose to the bill, it barely referring back to the same commissioners the same duty, and may be followed by the same opinion; yet as gentlemen are desirous so it, I shall not particularly oppose it—But I beg to be understood that I am opposed now, and shall be at any future day, to give those applicants the millions which the report contemplates——The report itself, does not warrant it——it declares the whole of the *Yazoo transaction* to be one of the most abominably corrupt that ever stained the annals of any country; the Mississippi scheme for which the celebrated Law suffered disgrace, was not half so atrocious, and the south sea scheme of 1721, compared with the Yazoo speculation was a mere bagatelle. Some members of the British Parliament were it is true concerned in that bubble, and their estates paid for it. But here, sir, was a legislature, a large majority of whose members were *bribed* to barter the rights of posterity and in turn *bribed each other*. The world has never seen such cool profligacy, and I hope never will again. Shall we encourage future speculation on those rights, by rewarding the persons who have acted thus? I must be permitted, however, in the face of the senate, to congratulate my country, (Georgia,) on the report of the commissioners; her conduct is justified, and her honor returned unstained to her. It appears by that report that the name of but one single *person of the majority* (1) which passed the iniquitous law appeared not to be concerned in the actual purchase of the territory sold; and further declares that the titles of the Yazoo companies could not be established in a fair course of law; the necessity of the supreme jurisdiction, the legislative powers interfering, is manifest; it was necessary to arrest the gigantic strides of speculation which pervaded the whole union, and tended to destroy every honest and virtuous means of procuring a subsistence; there was the utmost danger of waiting the ordinary process of justice; the speculations, the suits, the prosecutions would still have been in existence, and perhaps no decisive step have been taken on them; there was no time to untie the knot of speculation, it was necessary to cut it with the sword of power, and saved thousands from destruction.

I here also sir, in congratulating my country, have a right to congratulate myself. The torrents of calumny are now stemmed, in common with the state to which I belong. I have as a leader in restoring to unborn generations their bartered rights, been abused, throughout this union, and not only here, but in the prints beyond the Atlantic for *burning the records and traces of this famous transaction*—abuse, sir, of the blackest and vilest nature, and which has not yet entirely ceased—I also am justified by the report of the commissioners, and I glory in the act, as a precedent which I hope will be copied in every flagrant instance of a like nature—Sir, as if Heaven itself thought proper to shew its resentment of the base speculation, *the fire which consumed the records of it came from Heaven*—it was no *earthly fire*. (2) An old man never seen before, and I do not believe has ever been since at the seat of the Georgia government, drew it from Heaven, and as soon as they were consumed, disappeared. I however, sir, believing that there are many innocent persons involved, who bore no share in the original crime, more readily give way to the amendment, wishing, as I know my country does, that her act of justice, should be ended with an act of mercy.

(1) In an article on this subject during the last winter, we erroneously stated that only one of the whole legislature was exempt from the corruption; here the fact is correctly stated, it being only one of the majority who voted. But it appears from the documents in the case, that that one had a concern also in the speculation, though it was contrived to keep his name out of sight.

(2) It may not be in the knowledge of every reader that—an immense tract of country bordering on Florida and the Missisippi, was by a system of bribery in the Georgia legislature, conveyed into the hands of the framers of the law. That a subsequent legislature discovering the corruption, determined to overturn the whole structure of the speculation, and to purify the state from the iniquity, to obliterate it from history, and commit the very records of it to the flames. This was determined and executed in the most solemn manner. When the public functionaries were assembled in the state-house square to commit the registers of dishonor to the flames, a venerable grey headed man, a stranger to all present, rode up to the throng, and alighting made his way to the officers of the government. His reverend grey hairs and aspect altogether excited attention—he addressed them, and declared that the act of justice which they were about to perform had led him thither to witness it, but that he did not think earthly fire should be employed to manifest the indignation which the occasion required, but that the fire should come from Heaven—he took from his bosom a burning lens, and applying it to a heap of papers, the conflagration was completed—meanwhile the old man retired unperceived, and upon enquiry for him, he was not to be found, nor was he known to any of the oldest inhabitants of Louisville.

DOMESTIC ECONOMY.

The following account of the admirable system of domestic economy adopted by Mr. Peregrine Langton, was communicated by his nephew, Mr. Bennet Langton, to Mr. Boswell:

"The circumstances of Mr. Peregrine Langton were these: He had an annuity for life of two hundred pounds per annum—He resided in a village in Lincolnshire; the rent of his house, with two or three small fields, was twenty-eight pounds; the county he lived in was not more than moderately cheap, his family consisted of a sister, who paid him eighteen pounds annually for her board, and a niece—The servants were two maids and two men in livery—His common way of living, at his own table, was three or four dishes; the appurtenances to his table were neat and handsome; he frequently entertained company at dinner, and then his table was well served with as many dishes as were usual, at the tables of the other gentlemen in the neighbourhood—His own appearance as to clothes, was generally