are entitled to every degree of encouragement, and no friend of his country will defpife or undervalue them.

An increafe of the manufacturing and commercial interefts manifeftly tends to a flourifhing ftate of agriculture, by increafing the demand for the furplus produce of the land. Thefe feveral interefts are mutually dependent, and there feems to be no caufe of jealoufy between them. A wife government will direct and guard them with an equal hand. It will be the conftant object of fuch a government, to excite and preferve a fpirit of induftry among the people, by affifting to gain a reward for each kind of labour. Induftry may then be left for the moft part to its own direction. The people will divide themfelves into different profeffions; their difcernment will enable them to make a prudent choice; and lead them to purfuits, in which their private advantage and that of the public will concur.

In compliance with your requeft in the refolve of the 23d of June, I tranfmitted to the Prefident of the United States, a ftatement of the proceedings concerning the ordnance and military ftores, which belonged to this commonwealth, and were taken for the ufe of the United States; and requefted payment of the money due for them. I received an anfwer from the Prefident, and have alfo received letters from the Secretaries of War and of the Navy on the fame fubject. The council did not think it expedient to agree to the propofal made on the part of the United States, and advifed me to lay the papers before the general court, that they might take fuch meafures in the cafe as they might think proper.

Together with thofe papers, the Secretary will lay before you a letter which I received from the attorney-general, inclofing copies of the rule and award in the cafe of the commonwealth againft the town of Bofton, concerning the old ftate-houfe. He will alfo deliver you, attefted copies of the proceedings, in two cafes in the fupreme judicial court, holden for the county of Hancock in June laft, which were forwarded to me by the folicitor general that they might be fubmitted to your infpection.

This feffion commences with a fair profpect of concord and ufefulnefs. I hope that nothing will happen to interrupt the good agreement, and that we fhall prove ourfelves worthy of the confidence which our fellow citizens have repofed in us, by endeavouring to fecure to them all the advantages which their fituation will admit; and by redreffing, as far as it is in our power, the evils of which they may have reafon to complain.

CALEB STRONG.

Jan. 14, 1803.

United States, Diftrict of Columbia, and County of Wafhington, to wit:

In Chancery January 1803.

Charles Minifie, John Fry, & Samuel Spalding, complts.
versus,
George Walker, defendant.

THE object of the bill is to obtain a decree for the fale of fquare no. 9—lots no 1 and 2, in fquare 961—lots no. 3 4 9 10 11 12 in fquare, 965—lots no. 3 4 5 6 7 8 in fquare, 968—lots no. 5 6 7 8 9 10 in fquare, 1011—lot no. 1 in fquare 1012—lots no. 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 25 26 27 28 in fquare, 1015—lots no. 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 in fquare, 1018—lots no 4 5 7 in fquare, 1039—lots no. 2 3 4 5 in fquare, 1040—lots no. 5 6 7 8 9 15 16 17 in fquare, 1041—lots no. 14 15 16 17 18 in fquare 1047—lots no. 10 11 12 13 14 in fquare 1048—lots no. 1 2 3 4 12 13 14 in fquare, 1062—lots no. 5 6 7 8 9 10 13 14 15 16 17 and 18 in fquare, 1063—lying and being in the city of Wafhington.

The bill ftates, that George Walker the defendant, being indebted to the complainants in the fum of 5000 dollars, by bond dated the 31ft of December 1798, to fecure the payment thereof, with intereft thereon, on or before the 31ft of September then next enfuing Mortgaged the above mentioned premifes to the complainants, and that the faid George Walker hath never paid them any part of the faid fum.

The bill further ftates that the faid George Walker does not refide within the United States, but hath gone to parts beyond the feas. It is upon motion ordered, that a copy of this order be inferted at leaft once a week for three fucceffive weeks in the Wafhington Federalift and the National Intelligencer, before the firft day of February next to the intent that the aforefaid defendant and all other perfons (if any there be) interefted in the premifes may have notice of this application, and of the object of the bill in this cafe, and that the faid defendant may be warned to appear here in perfon or by folicitor, on or before the fourth Monday of July next, to fhew caufe if they can; why a decree as prayed for in and by faid bill fhould not pafs.

By order URIAH FORREST, Ck.

January 27, 1803. 1aw3w

IRON WORKS.

THE fubfcriber would rent a fet of works, fituated within twenty miles of the boatable waters of James River; confifting of Furnace, Forge, Mill, Saw-mill, and every neceffary appendage, all new and finifhed in the completeft manner of any in America; having abundance of water, wood, and ore of the beft quality, and lying in a healthy country where provifions alfo are abundant and cheap. Fifteen or twenty able negroes may be rented with the works, if fpeedily applied for.

FERDINANDO FAIRFAX.

Shann. Hill, near Charlefton, Virginia.

N. B. Applications by letter muft be poft-paid.

January 28. 1aw6w

National Intelligencer.

Congrefs of the United States.

House of Representatives.

WEDNESDAY, January 26, 1803.

Mr. Jones introduced the following motion with a few prefatory remarks.

Refolved, That the repeal of the difcriminating duties on foreign tonnage and merchandize imported in foreign veffels recommended by the committee of commerce and manufactures in their report on that fubject made on the 10th inftant, fhall not extend to foreign fhips or veffels, or the articles imported therein from the Colonies or Dependencies of any foreign nation, unlefs the fhips and veffels of the United States fhall enjoy the fame privileges in the navigation and trade between the United States and fuch colonies or dependencies as are or may be allowed to the fhips and veffels of the nation to which fuch colonies or dependencies may belong.

Referred to a committee of the whole to whom was referred the report of the committee of commerce and manufactures on countervailing duties.

The Houfe refolved itfelf into a committee of the whole on the report of a felect committee on fo much of the Prefident's Meffage as relates to a warfare with Tripoli, &c.—Mr. Varnum in the chair.

The refolution, with which the report concludes, authorifing the procuring four fhips of war not exceeding 16 guns each was agreed to without a divifion; when the committee rofe and the Houfe immediately confirmed their report, and ordered a bill to be brought in.

Mr. Hill, from the committee on the memorial from certain inhabitants of Wilmington (N. C.) made a report, with an accompanying bill.

The report concludes with a refolution that the memorial be referred to the Secretary of ftate to be laid before the Prefident.

The report was agreed to, and the bill referred to a committee of the whole.

The houfe refolved itfelf into a committee of the whole on the bill for the importation of ordnance, arms, &c.

Mr. *Varnum* in the Chair.

Mr. Rutledge propofed an amendment, for extending the right of importation duty free to individuals as well as ftates.

Meffrs. Bacon and S. Smith faid a few words againft, and Meffrs. Macon and Rutledge in favor of the amendment; when, on the queftion being taken, it was loft.

Ayes 36—Noes 45.

The committee then rofe and reported the bill without amendment.

On taking the queftion on ordering the bill to be engroffed for a third reading, the Yeas and Nays were required, and were Yeas 46—Nays 49.

The refufal to engrofs is equivalent to a rejection of the bill.

The Houfe went into committee of the whole.

Mr. *Dawson* in the chair—on the bill for laying out a new road in the County of Wafhington.

Mr. *Varnum* moved to ftrike out the 1ft Section. He thought that if any, a general provifion fhould be made.

Mr. Grifwold objected to other parts of the bill, coinciding with Mr. Varnum as to the 1ft Section.

Mr. Dennis moved that the committee fhould rife, in which cafe he would move for a recommitment of the bill to a felect committee, with inftructions to report a bill making general provifions on the fubject of roads within the territory of Columbia.

This motion was carried without a divifion; the committee rofe, and were refufed leave to fit again; when Mr. Dennis's motion was agreed to.

On motion of Mr. Mitchill, the Houfe went into a committee of the whole.—Mr. *Dawson* in the chair—on the bill for the encouragement of learning and the promotion of the ufeful arts.

Mr. Bayard moved to amend the fection fo as to extend the privilege of obtaining patents to aliens as well as citizens.

On this motion, a debate enfued until the hour of adjournment.

Meffrs. Bayard, S. Smith, and Early fupported, and Meffrs. Randolph, Grifwold, and Mitchill oppofed the motion.

On the queftion being put, the motion was loft.

Ayes 19.—Noes 44.

THURSDAY, January 27, 1803.

Mr. John C. Smith, from the committee of Claims, reported on the memorial of the Mayor and Commonalty of Alexandria refpecting expences incurred for quarantine, that it would be expedient to pafs a law refpecting quarantine, but that the requeft of the memorialifts to be reimburfed monies expended by them being unreafonable, ought not to be granted.

Referred to a committee of the whole Houfe tomorow.

Dr. Mitchill prefented a memorial from a number of mechanicks of the City of New-York againft the repeal of difcriminating duties.

Mr. Bacon laid the following motions on the table:

Refolved, That it is expedient for Congrefs to recede to the ftate of Virginia, the jurifdiction of that part of the territory of Colombia, which was ceded to the United States by the faid ftate of Virginia; by an act paffed the 3d day of December, in the year 1789, intitled "An act for the ceffion of ten miles fquare," or any leffer quantity of "territory within this ftate, to the United States, in Congrefs affembled," for the permanent feat of the general government."

Provided, the faid ftate of Virginia fhall confent and agree thereto.

Refolved, That it is expedient for Congrefs to recede to the ftate of Maryland the jurifdiction of that part of the territory of Columbia which was ceded to the United States by the faid ftate of Maryland, by an act paffed the 19th day of December in the year 1791, intitled "An act concerning the territory of Columbia and the City of Wafhington.

Provided the faid ftate of Maryland fhall confent and agree thereto.—

On motion of Mr. Nicholfon a committee was appointed to enquire whether it is expedient to make any, and if any, what alterations in the acts for the eftablifhment of a marine corps, and for fixing the rank and pay of the commanding officer.

Mr. Grifwold prefented a memorial from eleven of the late circuit judges of the United States, reprefenting that they have been divefted by law of their judicial duties, and requefting Congrefs to define the duties to be performed by them, and to affign fome judicial tribunal competent to a decifion of their claim for falary.

Mr. Grifwold moved a reference of the memorial to a felect committee.

Mr. Gregg moved a reference to the committee of Claims.

Mr. Randolph moved a reference to a committee of the whole Houfe.

This laft motion, after debate, prevailed—Ayes 53.

Mr. Randolph moved that it be made the order of the day for that day.

Mr. Grifwold moved that it be made the order for to-morrow.

Mr. Randolph's motion prevailed.

When the Houfe refolved itfelf into a committee of the whole—Mr. Dawfon in the chair.

Mr. Grifwold then fubmitted two refolutions.

The *first* to provide by law for defining the duties of the circuit judges.

The *second* to provide by law for fubmitting to judicial decifion the right of the judges of the circuit court to compenfation.

After debate, the committee divided on the firft refolution—Ayes 34—Noes 56—loft.

And on the fecond refolution Ayes 35—Noes 57—loft.

Mr. Varnum then fubmitted a refolution—that the prayer of the petition ought not to be granted, and that the petitioners have leave to withdraw their petition,—which was carried without a divifion.

The committe rofe and reported this refolution, which was agreed to; the Yeas and Nays being called—Yeas 61—Nays 37.

(A more detailed ftatement in our next.)

The Speaker laid before the Houfe a memorial and remonftrance from the citizens of Alexandria, againft a territorial legiflature.

REPORT.

THE Committee of Ways and Means, who were instructed to enquire whether any, and if any, what alterations or amendments are necessary to be made in the act, intituled "An act to amend an act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United States,"

REPORT—

THAT your Committee conceive it unneceffary to offer any reafons in addition to thofe contained in the letter of the Secretary of the Treafury, hereto fubjoined, tending to prove the inexpediency of any legiflative provifion in relation to this fubject. They, therefore, fubmit the following refolution:—

Resolved, That no alterations or amendments are neceffary to be made in the act, intituled, An act to amend an act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United States.

SIR,

THE Committee of Ways and Means, being inftructed to enquire "whether any, and if any, what alterations or amendments are neceffary to be made to the act, intituled, "An act to amend an act, intituled, "An act to lay and collect a direct tax within the United States," have directed me to requeft of you fuch information on the fubject as you may deem material. It may not be amifs to obferve that this refolution, although couched in general terms, is occafioned by a grievance complained of in the ftate of New-York, viz. that from the mode in which the affeffment has been made in that ftate, proprietors of land are unable to afcertain the amount due by them, and are, thereby, expofed to the injuftice of being compelled to pay the tax upon lands in which they have no kind of intereft.

Should this inconvenience be peculiar to the ftate of New York (which the Committee prefume not to be the cafe) we wifh to be affured of the fact.

With perfect efteem,
I am, Sir, yours,
JOHN RANDOLPH, Jun.

The Secretary of the Treasury.

Treasury Department,
3d January 1803.

SIR,

I HAD the honor to receive your letter containing certain enquiries on the fubject of the direct tax.

There can be no doubt that the affeffment of lands has not been as correct as might have been wifhed; and that in the ftate of New York, as well as in all others, where a confiderable quantity of unoccupied lands were liable to taxation, proprietors of fuch lands are, in many inftances, unable to afcertain with precifion the amount due by them, and muft run the rifk either of paying more than the fum actually due, or of having their land fold under the provifions of the act.

But neither is the fituation of proprietors in New-York worfe than that of owners of fimilar property in other ftates; nor does it appear practicable at this late period to correct the former affeffment. The affeffment in that ftate, fo far as related to unoccupied lands, was rendered more correct than in almoft any other; for the act of May, 1800, which was paffed upon a reprefentation from New-York, & under which the commiffioners of that ftate acted, enabled them to equalize the tax on thofe lands with much more correctnefs than was done in thofe ftates where the affeffments where completed, and the returns tranfmitted to the treafury prior to the act. And it muft be obferved, that the affeffment had been completed before that act in every ftate except New-York, North Carolina, Georgia, and South Carolina. Similar embarraffments to thefe now complained of in New-York have therefore been encountered, and even to a greater extent in the ftates of Maffachufetts, Pennfylvania, Virginia, and Kentucky.

If to this confideration be added the difficulty and expence of correcting the affeffment,—the impoffibility of extending the benefit of any provifion which might now be adopted to ftates where fales fhall have previoufly taken place,—the fmallnefs of the fum (not more than 15,000 dollars) thus outftanding in New-York,—and the recollection that the prefent difficulty might have been almoft altogether avoided, had the proprietors complied with the directions of the act in giving complete lifts of all their lands; it is believed that no fufficient reafon can be given why a partial correction fhould at this time be applied to an affeffment which is no longer confidered as a permanent work.

I have the honor to be with refpect,
Sir,
Your obedient Servant,
ALBERT GALLATIN.

The Hon. JOHN RANDOLPH, *esq. Chairman of the Committee of Ways and Means.*

WASHINGTON CITY.

FRIDAY, January 28, 1803.

Vermont Election, S. E. District.

Elliot, 1150—Morris, 1214—St. 324.
324
——1474
1214
——
260 maj. againft Morris.

Ludlow and Andover for Elliot, and New Fane for Morris, are loft by illegal returns. [*Vermont paper.*

Exports at the port of Philadelphia, from the 1ft October, to 31ft December, 1802, both inclufive, taken from the entries in the cuftom-houfe.

62,745	barrels flour,	
5,891	half	do.
511	barrels middlings,	
1,800	barrels rye flour,	
2,164	hogfheads Indian meal,	
6,101	barrels	do.
48	half	do.

☞ We are requefted to inform the public that a *Pamphlet* refpecting the Territory of Columbia, and the concentration of the Public Buildings in the City of Wafhington is in the Prefs, and will appear on Monday next.

FRANKFORT January 6.

We congratulate our fellow-citizens on the contents of the following letter from the Prefident of the United States to his excellency the governor, which was received by Tuefday's mail:—

Washington, Dec. 16, 1802.

SIR,

Your favour of November 30, has been duly received. The occlufion of the port of N. Orleans by the Spaniards, which is the fubject of it, was calculated to give great alarm through the United States, and efpecially the Weftern parts. Information of it was received here from N. Orleans on the 6th inft. and on the 8th meafures were taken to have the proceeding refcinded. We think the evidence tolerably conclufive that it was not the confequence of any order from Europe, but merely an irregularity of the Intendant. Meafures were immediately put in motion for duly impreffing him with the confequences of perfeverance, and the Spanifh minifter here, expreffing his entire conviction that the prohibition was unauthorifed, undertook immediately to remonftrate to him againft it, and alfo to difpatch a letter to the governor general, who refides at the Havannah, to interpofe efficaciouſly and without delay. We truft therefore, that it will be as promptly remedied as the diftance permits. It has furnifhed, however, a proper occafion of urging on Spain the danger of leaving the peace of the two countries expofed to the caprice of any officer, and the importance of fome arrangement which fhall leave us independent of that caprice, and free to maintain this treaty-right, without croffing the Atlantic to feek redrefs. For the prefent it is the intereft of every part of our republic to cherifh peace, and await a friendly rectification of the injury: and I have no doubt, that feeing our prefent fituation in a true point of view, you will concur in inculcating a reliance that the government will not be wanting in a juft interference to preferve the rights of the nation. The uncertainty with what power we may have to fettle this matter adds to its difficulties.

I take the liberty of inclofing you a copy of my communication to congrefs, and of tendering you affurances of my great refpect and confideration.

TH: JEFFERSON.

Governor Garrard.

NOTICE.

HOLDERS of fubfcription papers for the work entitled, "A Direction, or Preparation to the Study of the Law," will particularly oblige the author by advifing him of the number of fubfcribers obtained before the firft day of March.

ROBERT W. PEACOCK, Att'y. at Law.

City of Wafhington, Jan. 28, 1803. 12wtM.

United States, Diftrict of Columbia, and County of Wafhington, to wit:

In Chancery, January, 1803.

James Barry, Complainant.
versus
Charles Rofs, John Simpfon, John Craig, James Crawford, William Rufk, William Read, Matthew Pearce, George Plumfted, } Defendants.

THE bill ftates that the complainant, and two of the defendants, Rofs and Simpfon, of Pennfylvania, were feized and poffeffed as tenants in common, of three lots in the city of Wafhington, diftinguifhed by lots No. 1 2 and 3 in fquare No. 775, that the complainant fold to the faid defendants, Rofs and Simpfon, his intereft in the faid lots, for the fum of 14130 dollars, and 52 cents. That 5942 dollars, and 50 cents, part of the faid purchafe money, with intereft thereon, and the cofts of protefting the notes of the faid Rofs and Simpfon, given for that fum, ftill remains due and unpaid to the complainant, and that the faid Rofs and Simpfon, have fince been declared bankrupts, having, before they were declared bankrupts, executed a deed of conveyance for the whole of the property aforefaid to the defendants, John Craig, James Crawford, William Rufk, William Read, Matthew Pearce, and George Plumftead, all of the ftate of Pennfylvania, that the faid deed was not made in confequence of money paid, or any thing advanced by the faid laft mentioned defendants to the faid Rofs and Simpfon, but in confideration of debts pretended to be due by the faid Rofs and Simpfon to the faid laft mentioned defendants long before the execution of the deed, from the complainant to the faid defendants, Rofs and Simpfon, and that therefore the claim of the complainant ought to have priority as a lien upon the faid lots, being part of the price contracted by the faid Rofs and Simpfon to be paid to the complainant for the purchafe of the faid lots.

The object of the bill is to make the faid lots liable for the debt due by the faid Rofs and Simpfon to the complainant, and to give the complainant's claim a preference.

It is on the complainant's motion ordered, that he procure a copy of this order to be inferted at leaft once in each of three fucceffive weeks in the National Intelligencer, and the Wafhington Federalift, before the firft day of March next enfuing, to the intent that the defendant, and all other perfons (if any there be) interefted in the premifes, may have notice of the complainant's application, and of the object of his faid bill, and that the faid defendants may be warned to appear here in perfon, or by a folicitor, on or before the firft day of Auguft next, to fhew caufe, if any they can, why a decree fhould not pafs as prayed for, in, and by faid bill.

By order,
URIAH FORREST, Clk.

Jan. 28. 1aw3w.

NOTICE.

In the matter of JOHN JACK, Bankrupt.

THE fubfcriber being appointed Affignee of the Eftate and effects of JOHN JACK Bankrupt. All perfons indebted to the faid Bankrupt, are requefted to make immediate payment otherwife legal fteps will be indifcriminately taken to compel them.

RICHARD FORREST, Affignee.

Jan. 26. tf.

WANTED,

One or two Boys to learn the BOOT and SHOE-MAKING Bufinefs—Apply to

JOHN CROOKSHANK.

George Town, Jan. 19, 1803. tf.