Referred to a select committee Ayes, 42—Noes 87.

Mr. Randolph, from the committee of Ways and Means made a favorable report on the petition of Hugh Alexander, and others.

Referred to committee of the whole to-morrow.

Mr. Thompson presented a petition from sundry inhabitants of Farquier County, Virginia, praying for the establishment of a new Post-Office.

Mr. Hill moved that a committee be appointed to enquire into the expediency of extinguishing the claims of the United States on certain balances reported to be due by certain states—with power to report by bill or otherwise.

Ordered to lie on the table.

Mr. Mitchill moved that the committee of Commerce and Manufactures be instructed to enquire into the expediency of establishing a port of entry at or near the mouth of Black river, New-York.

Carried.

A bill was received from the Senate and read providing for the erection of monuments to Generals Wooster, Harkimer, Davidson, and Skriven, under resolutions of the old Congress.

Referred to the committee appointed on a resolution for erecting a monument to General Harkimer.

Mr. Eustis moved the following resolution.

Resolved that a monument be erected to the memory of General Joseph Warner, slain on Banker's Hill, and that the sum of be appropriated therfor.

Referred to above committee.

Mr. Gregg said he wished to submit a resolution to the consideration of the House, on a subject that must be acted on during the present session. The act establishing a Mint will expire on the fourth day of March next. A resolution now lies on the table for abolishing that institution entirely. He was not prepared to vote in favor of that resolution, neither did he feel himself at perfect liberty on the information he now possessed, to vote for a longer continuance of the law. The establishment it was true had been expensive, but he expected that under proper management it might be rendered useful. The director in his annual report made to Congress at the last session, stated that the lots on which the mint now stands were not sufficiently extensive and that the machinery was nearly worn out. He said he knew these lotts, and he believed that on account of the convenience of their situation, they might be disposed of to good advantage, perhaps for a sum, sufficient to purchase as much ground as would be necessary in another situation, and also to erect suitable buildings for the purpose. If this could be done, there would be but little additional expence incurred in continuing the establishment. He thought it highly important to obtain every possible information on this subject before we are called to act on it, and therefore for the purpose of obtaining that information he would submit the following resolution.

Mr. Gregg then offered a resolution instructing the committee of revisal and unfinished business to enquire into the amount for which the whole property of the mint, including the ground and buildings, would sell; and the probable expence of more suitable buildings, and of the machinery necessary for conducting the operations on the principle of steam.

Carried.

Mr. Dawson moved the following resolution

Resolved that a monument be erected to the memory of General Hugh Mercer, who was slain at Princeton, on the 11 day of January 1777, and that the sum of dollars be appropriated to that purpose.

Referred to the committee appointed on the erection of other monuments.

On motion of Mr. Nicholson, the House went into a committee of the whole *Mr. Varnum* in the Chair on the report of a select committee on the petition of Thomas Herty.

The report authorised the purchase of Copies of Herty's Digest of the Laws of the United States.

The report was supported by Messrs. Nicholson and Van Ness; and opposed by Messrs. Macon and Griswold.

Mr. Nicholson moved to fill the blank with 500—lost.

Successive motions were then made to fill it with 350, 800, 100, and 24; and all lost.

When a resolution was carried directing the clerk to purchase for the use of the House 12 copies of the Digest of Laws.

The first part of these proceedings took place in committee, and the last in the House.

Mr. Hill moved a resolution, for the erection of a monument to the memory of General Francis Nash; slain in the battle of Germantown.

Mr. Gregg moved a resolution for the erection of a monument to the memory of General Richard Butler.

Mr. Mitchill moved the erection of a monument to the memory of General Nathaniel Woodhull.

Mr. Van Cortlandt moved the erection of a monument to the memory of the three individuals who intercepted Major Andre.

The above four motions were referred to the committee appointed on the foregoing stated bill from the Senate.

Mr. S. Smith, from the committee of Commerce and Manufactures, made a report on that part of the President's Message that relates to discriminating and countervailing duties, and the act of the British Parliament thereon, which was referred to a committee of the whole on Friday next.

TUESDAY, January 11, 1803.

A message was received from the President, enclosing a report from the director of the mint.

The committee of elections reported a resolution to this effect: that John P. Van Ness, having accepted the office of major of militia within the district of Columbia, had forfeited his right to a seat in the House.

Referred to a committee of the whole on Monday next.

Mr. Nicholson reported a new bill from the committee to whom was recommitted a bill for the relief of insolvent debtors within the district of Columbia.

Committed to a committee of the whole on Thursday.

Mr. Griswold, moved that the House should resolve itself into a committee of the whole on the state of the union; declaring his intention, in such event, to move that his motion, laid some time since on the table, calling for papers respecting the cession of Louisiana, should be taken up.

On this motion a debate of two hours length ensued, in which Mr. Griswold's motion was supported by Messrs. Griswold, Dana, Goddard, Huger and Rutledge; and opposed by Messrs. Randolph and S. Smith.

The question was taken, on the requisition of Mr. Griswold, by yeas and nays, and carried in the negative—Yeas 38—Nays 52.

Mr. S. Smith said he had a communication to make, which in his opinion, required secrecy; whereupon the galleries were cleared.

After a short time they were opened; when Mr. Griswold's motion, above noticed, was taken up, and rejected by a considerable majority.

REPORT

Of the committee appointed on the 17th ultimo, to whom was referred so much of the Message of the President of the United States, as relates to our NAVY YARDS, and the building of DOCKS.

The Committee to whom was referred so much of the President's Message as relates to our Navy Yards and the building of Docks, report two resolutions, providing for the safe-keeping of timber, frigates, and other public property.

1. *Resolved*, That for securing from waste and loss the timber and other public property on the different navy yards, and towards improving the same for the greater dispatch of business, the Secretary of the Navy, under the direction of the President of the United States, shall cause the requisite buildings and sheds to be erected, and other needful repairs and improvements to be made; and that for accomplishing the same, dollars are hereby appropriated, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

II. *Resolved*, that for preventing rottenness and decay in the ships of the navy, the President of the United States be, and hereby is authorised, to cause a dry dock, with convenient canals, locks, machinery, and water courses, to be constructed, at or near the public navy yard in the city of Washington; which dock shall be capable of containing twelve frigates, or ships of war, and of perserving them dry and safely sheltered from sunshine and rain; and that for carrying the same into effect dollars be, and the same hereby are appropriated, to be paid out of any monies in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

FOR SAL[E] OR RENT,

THAT elegant three story BRICK HOUSE, on the corner of Falls & Frederick street in George Town, lately occupied by Mr. PICHON.

Likewise,

THE two well finished three story BRIC[K] HOUSES, adjoining that occupied by Mr. SAMUEL H. SMITH, Printer, on the Pennsylvania Avenue, east of the centre Market House, City of Washington—Apply to

GEORGE THOMPSON,
George Town.

Geo. Town, Oct. 20. tf.

The George Town and Annapolis

STAGE,

WILL commence on the first Monday in October next to run three times a week; leave Annapolis every Monday, Wednesday and Friday, and return from George Town every Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday—Fare and allowance as usual.

JOSEPH SEMMES,
JOHN SMITH.

This is intended to accommodate such gentlemen and ladies as are going to and from Frederick and Hager's-Town.

October 11th, 1801 tf.

Notice—Those indebted to Green and English, are requested to pay their accounts as early as practicable, as but little further indulgence can be given.

GREEN & ENGLISH.

George-Town, Jan. 6.

WASHINGTON CITY.

WEDNESDAY, January 12, 1803.

We understand that the President of the United States yesterday nominated to the Senate, JAMES MONROE, as Minister Extraordinary and Plenipotentiary to the First Consul of France, and to the Court of Madrid, in association with our Ministers to France and Spain, relative to the free navigation of the Mississippi.

In the House of Delegates of Maryland the following resolutions have been submitted by a leading member.

Resolved, That this Legislature highly approve of the prompt conduct of the President of the United States, relative to demanding redress from the Spanish government at New-Orleans for the infraction of the treaty of San Lorenzo Real.

Resolved, That the state of Maryland will support such measures as the honour, the dignity and interests, of the United States may render necessary to be adopted by the President of the United, or by the general government, in case the just and honourable redress demanded shall not be obtained.

An extract of a letter from a gentleman of high respectability and standing, in the state of Ohio, to one of the members of Congress, dated at Chillicothe, 24th Dec. 1802.

HON. SIR,

I received yours of the 9th instant, in which you request to know if governor St. Clair did write the address to the Convention inclosed in yours. I assure you he did—and you may judge of the indignation I felt in hearing it delivered—but I have this day received official information of his removal from office, and can assure you that the good people of this territory are highly gratified with the President's conduct. I think John Adams (meaning the late President) did the cause of republicanism more good by retaining him in office *contrary to the wishes of our citizens*, than I could possibly have expected, though I expected much from that circumstance—my expectations are therefore realized in its fullest extent. With regard to the news of this country I must refer you to col. Worthington, who is sent by the convention on a special embassy, and which I hope all our good friends in Congress will patronise. Should he succeed in the objects of his mission, the affections of our people will be so firmly united to the present administration that the state of Ohio will be amongst the first of the states of the united Americans to afford its almost unanimous support;—you may be certain in calculating on two republican senators and one representative to the next Congress, with three votes to Mr. Jefferson as President at the next Presidential election, and there will be, *I believe*, no opposition to the election of a republican governor of any consequence, as the character held up to view in the several counties, stands on ground that cannot be disputed.

From the Baltimore Anti Democrat.

"On Wednesday the Editor of this paper was arrested, at the suit of general Smith, for a supposed libel in the Anti-Democrat of last week; damages laid at EIGHT THOUSAND DOLLARS. The Editor, by the advice of his counsel, refused giving bail for this sum, and rendered a tobacco bail bond for 135 dollars, which was accepted by the sheriff."

The libel referred to, charges Gen. Smith with having used unworthy means to influence the votes of certain members of the House of Representatives on [the] Presidential election.

The undersigned, charge des affairs of the French Republic to the United States, for the information of such *Piemontese* as may reside in the said States, makes public the following decree of the Consuls of the Republic; such persons as were within the provisions of that decree, may, on applying to the commercial agents of the French Republic in the United States, receive the requisite passports, or enter the declarations which are to be made in case of a further residence abroad than is allowed by the aforesaid decree.

L. A. PICHON.

Geo. Town, 8th Jan. 1803.

DECREE.

Paris, 10th Messidor, 10th Year, (29th June, 1802.)

The Consuls of the Republic, on the report of the Ministers, decree.

Art. 1. A general amnesty is granted for all political delinquencies which may have been committed in the six departments of the 27th military division (formerly Piemont.)

Art. 2. No list of emigrants shall be made for the six departments of the 27th division.

Art. 3. All individuals now absent, those even who were in office under the late Prince, may return to their country until the 1st of Vendemiaire next (22d September 1802.)

Art. 4. On their arrival they shall make before the Prefect of their department, a declaration to this effect: to renounce all connection with the house of Savoy and with foreign powers; and they shall take the oath of fidelity to the constitution of the French people.

Art. 5. Such, as by reason of health, or on any other reasonable grounds, would not have had it in their power to return before the 1st of Vendemiaire next, shall make the same declaration before the agents of France in the countries where they reside.

Art. 6. Such as, on the 1st Vendemiaire next, continue emigrants, shall be finally declared banished, and their estate shall be devolved to the public Demesne.

Art. 7. The ministers, each in their respective departments, shall see that the present decree is executed.

The First Consul,
BONAPARTE.
By the First Consul, the Sec. of State,
H. B. MARET.
True Copy, L. A. PICHON.

AN ACT

To provide for the prevention and extinction of Fire.

BE *it enacted by the first and second chambers of the City Council of Washington*, That every proprietor of any dwelling house or store-house, shall prior to the first day of March next, at his or her expense, provide as many fire buckets of leather, containing at least two and one half gallons as there are stories in such house. Every proprietor neglecting to procure the proper number of buckets, shall forfeit one dollar for each bucket. If the proprietor of any dwelling house or store-house, not residing within the limits of the city, shall fail to procure buckets, the occupier shall procure them, under the like penalty for neglect, and shall recover from him or her the expense thereof.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted*, That all buckets shall be entered and numbered in the office of the Register, who shall record the name of the proprietor, with the number; and the proprietor or occupier shall cause the said name and number to be painted on the bucket, under the penalty of one dollar for neglect.

Sec. 3. *And be it enacted*, That the occupiers shall preserve the fire buckets, without suffering them to be used for other purposes. If any bucket be lost or destroyed they shall replace the same within one month, under the penalty of five dollars for neglect. They shall keep such buckets in some conspicuous part of of the house, and shall send them to the place where any fire shall break out.

Sec. 4. *And be it enacted*, That the Mayor shall be immediately authorized to procure ladders and fire hooks, to be deposited with such citizens as shall be disposed to take care of and use them, not expending therefor more than fifty dollars, which is hereby appropriated.

Sec. 5. *And be it enacted*, That the officer charged with the inspection of Weights and Measures, shall twice in each year visit every house, and examine the number and state of the buckets, and report the same to the Register. The said officer or any other person informing, shall recover one half of the forfeitures under this act.

Sec. 6. *And be it enacted*, That there shall be procured by the Mayor prior to the first day of May one thousand eight hundred four, one substantial fire-engine, to be kept near the Centre Market. So soon thereafter as may be, two additional fire engines shall be procured by him to be severally kept near the East and West Markets, for which the sum of three hundred dollars is hereby appropriated, out of any monies then in the treasury.

JAMES BARRY,
President of the First Chamber of the City Council of Washington.
DANL. CARROLL, of Dudn.
President of the Second Chamber of the City Council of Washington.
APPROVED, Jan. 10th 1803.
ROBERT BRENT,
Mayor of the City of Washington.
True Copy,
Test,
THOMAS HERTY, Reg.

AN ACT

To fix the salaries of the Secretaries, the Treasurer, and the Overseer of the poor, and for other purposes.

Sect. 1. BE *it enacted by the First and Second Chambers of the City Council of Washington*, That the several officers hereinafter mentioned, shall receive respectively the following compensations for their services, payable quarter-yearly. The Secretaries of each Chamber, from the commencement of the sittings of the Council, for every day on which they have attended, or on which they may hereafter attend, two dollars; the Treasurer, nine and one-fourth per-cent on the amount of public money actually received by him; the overseer of the poor, one hundred and fifty dollars per Annum from the date of his appointment.

Sec. 2. *And be it enacted*, That the Mayor be authorised on the request of the Treasurer, or the Register, to draw warrants for such sums as shall be necessary to pay for stationery requisite for their offices respectively, and that he be authorised on the request of the Secretary of either chamber to draw warrants for such sums as shall be required to pay for stationery, fuel and incidental expences of the chambers, provided the amount thereof exceed not two hundred dollars per annum.

JAMES BARRY,
President of the First Chamber of the City Council of Washington.
DANL. CARROLL of Dudn.
President of the Second Chamber of the City Council of Washington.
Approved, January 10th, 1803.
ROBERT BRENT,
Mayor of the City of Washington.
True Copy,
Test,
THOMAS HERTY, Reg.

I wish to Rent a Warehouse

and Wharf on Square 472, and two Houses on Square 501. The wharf is situated in a central part of the City, most advantageous for the reception and sale of Lumber, the Warehouse is a commodious three story House with a garrat, the whole length of the house, —it is conveniently divided for storing goods of any kind, and has several rooms with fire places. The Houses on Square 501 consist of a brick house with a garden new paled in and a framed wood house near to it. The whole or any part of the above property will be let on reasonable terms.

ROBERT BRENT.

Jan 12. epaw

A NEGRO MAN

To be hired by the year, half yearly, or quarterly—

A SOBER well disposed man about 27 years of age, cleanly, and has been many years employed as Coach Driver, stable boy, and occasionally waiting at table, and is a good working gardiner—His having a wife living near the District. He has a good character for sobriety and honesty. For further information apply to Mr. Simmes Tavern keeper in George Town.

Jan. 12. 3t

Doctor FENDALL.

TAKES the liberty to intimate to the Inhabitants of the City of Washington George Town and their vicinage, that he means to pay them a visit about the 15th of the month, to exercise his skill in the line of his profession. The Doctor's knowledge of the natural history of the human teeth—their adjacent parts, and the disorders to which they are subject, acquired by assiduous attention, unremitted study, and experience of an extensive and successful practice for upwards of twenty eight years, will, he hopes, entitle him to the confidence of all those who wish to employ him.—He fondly flatters himself he has it happily in his power to appeal without fear to such as have been his patients in the states of Maryland, Virginia, &c. for that degree of reputation which his conduct as a dentist has merited, and given him just claim to.—The doctor hopes at least he is considered as entitled to the highest grade among those of his profession in this country.

The Doctor will entreat here on his arrival, to offer to the public his Columbian anti scorbutic Dentifrice for preserving the teeth, gums, sockets, &c. a dentifrice infinitely superior (he thinks) both in elegance and efficacy, to any thing hitherto used for the teeth and gums. It renders the breath sweet and agreeable, is a powerful anti scorbutic, and free from any corrosive quality whatever—No family, and especially where there are children, should be without this excellent and valuable preparation, which doctor FENDALL avers to be productive not only of those effects and consequences as a sovereign Dentifrice and remedy for the disorders of the teeth and gums, but will also prevent them.

This admirable dentifrice is still sold (only by Doctor FENDALL) at the moderate price of one dollar a pot with directions.

Jan. 12. tf.

E. OLIVER,

Has just received by the latest arrivals, a fresh assortment of MILLENERY, *consisting of the following articles, viz.*

Velvet bonnets of the newest fashion, dress caps, spanish mantles, and great coats, embroidered spencers and draper sleeves, figured sarsneth for ladies dresses, embroidered gauze, trimmings for ditto, gold and silver trimmings and silver fringe, gold and silver cords and tassels, silk cords and tassels, silk and cotton trimmings, gold and silver ribbon, lawn handkerchiefs embroidered with silver, artificial flowers and wreaths, ostrich, frosted and brush feathers, spangles, bullion and steel bugles, ornaments and bugles of different colors, crop and curled wigs, crop and curled frizettes, paints, perfumery and powder knives, pocket books, silver and steel pencil-cases and pencils, gold and silver galoon and cord, military plumes, silk epaulets and cotton ditto, raw silk hose and gloves, ladies and gentlemen's gloves of every description, christmas gloves in nut shels, furniture fringe, tassels and lines, cotton fringe for cloaks and dresses, crapes, mantua, pelony, sarsnet and persians, silk shawls and head handkerchiefs, silk stockings, gauze ditto, cotton ditto, shoes and shoe bows, silk jacket patterns and slings, muffs and tippets, martin ermine and white ditto, ladies and gentlemens dressing cases, a large assortment of white chip and straw bonnets, wadding &c &c.

George Town, December 27th. 3t.

I will sell on very reasonable

terms, the following squares in the City of Washington, or either of them, viz. no. 253, 437, 438, 439 and south of 439.

The titles will be such as to give entire satisfaction to the purchaser.

By an examination of the plan of the city, the foregoing squares will be found most advantageously situated, both as to their contiguity to navigation and their central situation.

Application to be made to ROBERT BRENT in the city of Washington, or to the Subscriber near Piscataway.

NICOLAS YOUNG.

Dec. 31. ep13M-