ge place denominated in the first number of the tarif annexed to the arrete of the 3d of Thermidor last, and subject to the duties of consummation shall be bound to declare before the custom house, before their putting the said common duties and staples, the stores in which they will put them, and shall acknowledge themselves bound to show the same again at any requested time, with reason for taking them out of one store into another, with out a previous declaration and special permit of the custom house, under the penalty of paying immediately the duties in case of unauthorized mutation, and the double duties in case of an entire subtraction of the same.

2d. The minister of finance is charged with the execution of the present arrete, which shall be inserted in the bulletin of laws.

The First Consul.

(Signed,) BONAPARTE.

By the First Consul,

The Secretary of State,

(Signed,) H. B. MARET.

WASHINGTON CITY.

MONDAY, October 25, 1802.

We learn that the French national schooner Enfant Prodique, from Guadaloupe, which she left on the 26th of September, has put into New-York for the purpose of delivering dispatches to the address of Mr. Pichon, and that she proceeds immediately to France.

The Colonial Prefect, Mr. Lescallier, had, by an arrette, opened the Colony to foreign vessels. The information received by Mr. Pichon states the Colony to be in want of provisions, and especially salt beef and pork.

General Lacrosse had been installed in the government by General Richpanse, but only temporarily, to assert the power of government. He was to give up the government in a short time to General Richpanse, and to proceed to another destination assigned him in the Colonies; but in consequence of the death of General Richpanse, General Lacrosse retains the government.

Permission had been given to people of colour to return to Guadaloupe.

Translation of a letter written by our admiral Lacrosse, captain general of Guadaloupe, to Mr. Pichon.)

Basseterre, the 4th Fendemiaire, 11th year, (26 September, 1802.)

I have the honor to inform you, citizen commissary, that by a decision just taken by citizen Lescallier, counsellor of state, colonial Prefect at Guadaloupe, all the ports of this colony shall in future be open, as formerly, to the American vessels and the exportation of colonial produce permitted on paying duties.

(Signed) LACROSSE.

Translation.

In the name of the French Republic.

R. Lacrosse, Captain-General of Guadaloupe and its dependencies.

Being willing to insure and maintain tranquility in the colony of Guadaloupe, orders as follows:

1st. No white individual shall be admitted in this colony without a passport.

2d. No person of colour or black shall be admitted in Guadaloupe unless they are provided with a passport from the commanding officer of the colony where they reside, and they will not be permitted to land until they are permitted to do so.

3d. No person whatever can leave the colony without a passport from the commissary of Government.

4th. Every Captain arriving in one of the ports of the colony shall declare the number of men composing his crew, their names and colour; the number of passengers, their names and colour. When they depart they shall present all the men composing their crew, as well as such of the passengers, who should not have been permitted to land or remain in the colony.

5. All foreign vessels on board of which negroes or mulattoes should have been introduced without passports, shall be seized and confiscated if the captain does not, when he arrives, declare that such passengers are on board.

6. There shall be no intercourse between a vessel arriving and the land until the health officer has made his visit agreeably to the established rules and regulations, and until the declarations has been made by the captain.

(Signed) LACROSSE.

The Select and Common Councils of Philadelphia have re-elected *Mathew Lawder*, republican, Mayor.

Pennsylvania Election.

For Governor.

Counties.	*M'Kean.*	*Ross.*
Montgomery,	2,103	1,283
Delaware,	606	722
Chester,	2 320	1,928
Luzerne,	274	680
Fayette,	1,990	424
York,	1,364	458
Dauphin,	1 844	309
Northampton,	3,216	519
Berks,	4,240	512
Philadelphia City,	1,962	1,517
Philadelphia Co. } Maj. about } Lancaster Co. } Majority of	2,000 700	
	22,394	8,343
	8,343	
Republican Maj.	14,051	

This great majority will be considerably exceeded by the votes of the counties from which returns have not yet been received. The strength of the federalists is nearly exhausted in the above counties. We have not stated the votes given for each representative to Congress, considering the votes given for governor as a faithful criterion of the relative strength of parties. When, however, we are advised of the entire result, we shall be more minute.

The following representatives in Congress are elected.

Republican.

Joseph Clay,
Michael Leib,
Jacob Richards,
R. Brown,
J. Van Horn,
P. Conrad,
Joseph Hiester,
J. Anderson,
J. Whitehill,
John Smilie,
John Stewart,
John A. Hanna,
David Bard——————14.

It is not ascertained, nor is there a prospect, that a single federalist will be sent to Congress. It is ascertained that Mr. Sitgreaves has failed, notwithstanding the republicans run two candidates against him.

Mr. Findley and Mr. Painter, both republicans, are candidates for the same seat. The votes received render it doubtful which will be elected.

From appearances, it is not probable that the House of Representatives of Pennsylvania will contain more than 6 federalists. How are the mighty fallen!

New-Jersey Election.

The election was held on the second Tuesday of this month, for members of the Legislative Council and General Assembly. Each county elects one member of the Council, and from one to four members of the Assembly. The following is the result of the election.

	Council.		Assembly.	
	Repub.	*Fed.*	*Repub.*	*Fed.*
Hunterdon,	1	0	1	3
Monmouth,	1	0	3	0
Essex,	1	0	3	0
Burlington,	0	1	0	4
Cumberland,	1	0	2	0
Gloucester,	0	1	0	3
Bergen,	0	1	0	3
	4	3	9	13

So far the members elected are ascertained. The New-Jersey prints on both sides calculate alike with respect to the remaining counties, which, with the exclusion of Cape May, give equal numbers in the assembly to each. It rests with Cape May, therefore, to determine the political character of that body. In the legislative council, a majority is said to be republican.

Thus it appears, as far as the best information received from New-Jersey goes, that the federal assertions that a majority of the legislature of that state is federal, are unfounded. We mean not, however, by this remark, to pledge ourselves for the accuracy of the foregoing statement.

The legislature of Connecticut convened at New-Haven on Thursday the 14th. In the house of representatives Elisur Goodrich, was choosen speaker, and Timothy Pickin and Jonathan O. Mosely, Clerks.

From a London Paper.

A considerable number of devotees termed Fakers, principally from Agrim, lately applied to our government in India for permission to visit the mark of Adam's foot in Ceylon. Unable successfully to encounter a superstition almost as general as it would appear extraordinary, if the practice of countries supposed to be more enlightened did not in a degree reconcile us to it, the request has been granted, and the late accounts left this mob of pilgrims on the eve of their departure. There is a tradition that the first man was created on the top of a high mountain in Ceylon, hence called Adam's Peke; and there is the shape of a man's foot cut out of the rock, about six feet in length, which they pretend to be the print of his foot. Near this mountain there is a reef of rocks extending to the continent, called Adam's Bridge; for they say it was made by angels, to carry him over the main land.

New-York, Oct. 20.

As the French prize brig, La Descouverte, lying at the Corporation Dock, at the foot of Partition street, was yesterday morning heaving down for examination, the unexpectedly took *aback*, filled, and sank. It is supposed that this accident will produce no material injury, and that she will be raised without more than ordinary difficulty.

New-York, Oct. 20.

Capt. Marrener, who came passenger in the brig Sally, arrived yesterday from Martinique, informs us that the French took possession of that island on the 11th September, and were about imposing a duty on all foreign vessels. As the precise amount was not fixed at the time of captain M's. departure, he was obliged to give security for the payment thereof when that point should be determined. The port charges were considerably lessened.

On his passage to New-York, captain M. spoke the schooner Edward, Swain, of Baltimore, which sailed some time after the Sally, and was informed that St. Pierre's had been proclaimed the only port of entry; and that the duty was fixed at two per cent. on the sales, and seven per cent. on the purchase of colonial produce.

Capt. Marrener, to whom we are indebted for the following proclamation, informs us, that the new laws relative to the duties payable in the island of Martinique, limit the port charges at 21 dollars, and a duty of 2 per cent. on all sales, and 7 per cent. on the purchase of colonial produce. A number of American vessels there with beef and pork, were not permitted to land their cargoes when Capt. M. sailed. It was not known how long this prohibition would continue; but the government had ordered an enquiry of the quantities of every species of provisions that would be wanted, and, from the scarcity, it was expected that Americans would soon be permitted to dispose of their cargoes.

PROCLAMATION.

Of Admiral Villaret Joyeuse, Captain-General of Martinique and St. Lucia.

Frenchmen,

War and dissentions have separated you from the mother country—peace restores you again to her bosom.

The French government maintains the ancient laws made for the happiness of the colonies, protects the religion of your fathers; guarantees the integrity of property, and preserves slavery; which made a part of ancient colonial possession. After having conquered and given peace to the world, it wishes the happiness & tranquility of the nation, by allaying hatred, and binding up the wounds which parties have made. After having combatted armies, it supports altars, and re-establishes chevalrity.

Wretched shall those be who shall dare to disturb the social order established in the colonies; who shall cherish suspicions with regard to the intentions of the mother country. The sword of justice will soon be unsheathed to punish, out far be it from our wish to find any one culpable.—Our first care shall be to prevent the commission of such crimes, by the most watchful vigilance; and our strongest solicitude shall be to add to the happiness of the colony, by justice, and an equitable administration. Your souls long to be united again to Frenchmen: ten years of glory have effaced the misfortunes of the revolution. The 18 Brumaire, and the treaty of Amiens, have fixed the destiny and the grandeur of France. The hero who governs—who makes the happiness of the colonies his, by making commerce to revive and flourish; astonished posterity is yet not decided concerning him; but without doubt will make him the greatest of men.

The Captain General,

VILLARET JOYEUSE.

[By an arrette of Bonaparte, dated the 8th Floreal, 10th year, the following names of places in Martinique, St. Lucia and Tobago, are ordered to be changed.

The fort called royal, at Martinique, shall take the name of Fort de France.

Bourbon, the name of fort Desaix.

The port and city of St. Lucia, formerly De Castries the name of De Carenage.

The port and city formerly port Lewis, in the island of Tobago, to be called Scarborough.]

MARSHAL'S SALE.

By virtue of a writ of venditioni exponas, issued out of the circuit court of the district of Columbia, for the county of Washington, to me directed, will be exposed to Public Sale, on Saturday the sixth day of next month—

ALL the right, title, and interest of URIAH FORREST either in law or equity, to the following described property, viz.—Lots No. 11, 12, 13, 29, and 30, in square No. 105, lots No. 8, 9, and 10, in square No. 119, in the city of Washington—one square or lot of land in Georgetown, 338 feet front on Fayette street, running back on the south 245 feet, and on the north 160 feet, also, one square or lot of land in said town 254 feet front, on eighth street, and 204 feet on Fayette street.

ALSO, a Chaise with plated Harness, two Carriage Horses one Saddle Horse, one elegant French clock—together with a variety of Household Furniture, consisting of chairs, tables, side-boards, desks, book cases, &c. &c. taken as the property of said Uriah Forrest, and sold to satisfy debt and costs due William Thornton, Alexander White and Uriah Dixon—The sale of the lots in the city and Georgetown will take place at Tracey's Tavern, Georgetown, at 10 o'clock, A. M.—and the personal property at the dwelling house of General Forrest, about a mile and a half above Georgetown, at 4 o'clock P. M. Terms of sale cash.

DANIEL C. BRENT,
Marshal of the district of Columbia.

Marshal's Office, Washington,
Oct. 11th, 1802.

ON the same day at 3 o'clock P. M. at Mr. Forrest's dwelling house will be sold, to the highest bidder, a great variety of Household and Kitchen furniture, Plantation Utensils, some Sheep, Hogs, a Horse and a Cow; a Negro woman, Negro girl and child, and a number of Books. Six months credit will be given for all sums above twenty dollars, the purchaser giving bond with security, for payment, with interest from the day of sale, for all sums under twenty dollars, cash.

JOHN HEWITT, Assignee, for the
estate of Uriah Forrest.

23d October, 1802. dtf

Advertisement.

On Thursday the 18th day of November, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be exposed to sale on the premises, in the Town of Alexandria, the following parcels of land, late the property of John Dixon and D. deceased, sold pursuant to the directions of his will, for the payment of debts, to wit:

One parcel of land lying upon the East side of Union Street, and to the North of Wilkes Street, being a wharf or made ground upon which there is a frame Warehouse, it will be sold altogether or laid off into convenient lots, to accommodate purchasers—the ground is subject to an annual rent of £9 17 6. One half of a Brewery, commonly called Wales's Brewery, with the necessary instruments and utensils for carrying on that business, and the ground appertaining to the Brewery; the whole of the Brewery is now under admeise at 600 pols. per annum. A piece of ground immediately joining on the Brewery, fronting on Water Street and a twenty foot alley, extending on Water Street above forty feet, and upon the alley 150 feet. A piece of ground fronting upon Wolfe and St. Asaph streets—this will be laid off into convenient lots.—A piece of ground lying upon the South side of King Street, fronting thereupon 22 feet, and extending 82 feet to a 12 foot alley, upon which is erected a two story brick house and a frame warehouse.

On the same day, if there be sufficient time after the sales of the above property, if not, on the next day will be exposed to Sale—also on the premises, a small tract of Land contiguous to the Town, containing 37 acres—this is subdivided and will be sold in small parcels, containing from four to six acres. The terms of Sale are one fourth of the purchase money in hand, one fourth in six months, one fourth in twelve months, and the remainder in eighteen months; the latter payments to be secured by a trust upon the land, which will be conveyed to the purchaser on payment of the first fourth part of the purchase money.

THOS. DIGGES, } Acting executors of
JAS. KEITH, } J. J. Fitzgerald, dec.

Alexandria, Oct. 22. eptBN.

The subscriber intending to

decline his business, informs those persons that have continually favoured him with their custom, that he has lowered his goods, 10 per cent, consisting principally of crockery-ware, wines, brandies, sugars, teas, spices, &c. &c.

CARRE DE ST. GEMME,

Oct. 13th, 1802. 3w.