mond ring of the most exquisite workmanship.

Of 40,000 voters in the Haute Loire, 38,000 have voted for Bonaparte being Consul for life; there were only four votes against the measure.

The First Consul has announced to nearly the whole of the clergy, that he did not understand any priest would refuse to administer the sacrament of marriage to persons who should present themselves for that purpose, after having been divorced.

The English agreeably to the terms of the treaty of Amiens, evacuated Porto Ferrujo (Isle of Elba) in the night of the 10th of June, on which occasion some compliments passed between the British and French commanders.

The pension which the new king of Sardinia (the duke d'Aoste) has agreed to pay to his brother, is said to be 50,000 piastres, upwards of 250,000 livres or about 12,000l. sterling.

PARIS, June 26.

"The generals of division have received orders to repair to Paris by July 14. Every regiment is to send a soldier of every rank, from the col. to the private man. We know not what is the object of this measure. Some persons speak of a military federation which is to take place on that day, but Bonaparte certainly does not intend to make the army an independent and deliberative body. The idea of a federation between the different regiments which compose it, appears difficult to be adopted. However it may be, it justifies the opinion of those who expect some extraordinary novelty.

Every one is occupied on the plans of the constitution—there is not a person employed by the government, who has not one ready in his pocket, or in his head. Roederer is more engaged on the subject than any other, at least so say his enemies, who are numerous. He was lately discoursing with several members of the government on the plan of forming a chamber entirely composed of proprietors, and he maintained that the plan was good for nothing, because the proprietors, and particularly the large ones, were all ex-nobles, or emigrants returned, who could not be attached to Bonaparte, and whose hopes were always directed to the return of the ancient order of things. Others answered, that on the contrary, all the large estates in France had passed into the hands of people who owe their fortune to the revolution, and their tranquility to Bonaparte, and on whom he might consequently depend. It was agreed, that in order to know how to act, he should write circular letters to all the prefects to demand a statement of all the large proprietors within their respective departments, with their names and ages, the date of their possession, and a note as to their opinions, and what has been their conduct for or against the revolution.

It was proposed these circular letters should be sent by the minister of the interior, but Roederer wished to take the business upon himself, apparently as chief of public instruction. Since the departure of the circular letters, the minister of the Interior has received letters from the prefects, demanding the reason why they were not sent by him, and stating that they do not know with whom they ought to communicate. We know not what will be the result of this confusion of power, or of the plans of Roederer, who, ever since the revolution, has been constantly employed on projects of a public nature, calculated to promote his private advancement. The object of his ambition is principally the administration of the interior. He has also formed a plan to suppress the tribunal of cassation, and to replace it by the council of state.

Bonaparte set out from the Thuilleries on horseback, the day before yesterday, at half after eleven at night, attended by an aid de-camp, and one servant to repair to Nienilly, where M. De Talleyrand resides. He remained till two in the morning closeted with this minister.

PARIS, June 30.

We hear from Basle, under date of June 24, that the territory of Vaud is once more the scene of insurrection, and that nothing but the presence of the French troops can preserve the country from being entirely laid waste; the tythes and the feudal rents continue to be the pretext of these illegal meetings. Fresh troops are however, to be sent to that country, for the purpose of supporting the commissary of government.

Letters from Corfu state, that all nightly meetings are prohibited there, and that every wise precaution is resorted to for the purpose of ensuring peace and order.

The First Consul went last Saturday, to see the national manufactory of Porcelain at Sevres; he remained there near an hour, and examined every thing in detail; his observations on all that he saw were extremely correct, and evinced the great extent of his information with respect to the arts. He appeared highly satisfied to see an establishment which has created a branch of industry in France, that cannot be equalled in any other country in Europe.

In address to the First Consul, the merchants of Lyons unite with the rest of the commercial interest throughout the country, in demanding that the trade to India should be laid open, and that no privileged companies may be re-established. "The creation of privileged companies, say they, not only violates the principles, but necessarily compromises the prosperity of commerce. The experience of ages has proved that privileged companies are ruinous.

"England itself would not have derived greater benefit from them, if she had not united to the advantages of her commerce, those that resulted from her sovereignty. Never were the French companies so valuable or important as those which were established in the East, from the year 1773 to 1779, by individual speculators. In all cases it is observable that privileged bodies abuse their monopoly in promoting their own interests, without any consideration to those of France. Exclusive privileges would, above all, be disastrous to the manufactures of Lyons, for it is admitted that individuals have the means of introducing a greater quantity of our manufactures, such as gold wire, hats, cloths, &c. then any company can possess. It is no less evident that individuals could, more effectually than any company, import into France those productions of India which are necessary for our manufactures."

GENOA, June 9.

We learn, from good authority, that the First Consul has appointed First Magistrate of our Government, under the denomination of Doge, Citizen Gattiano, now minister of our Republic at Milan. This Citizen, who is generally esteemed, is one of those whom Bonaparte in the year 1797 nominated as Members of the Provisional Government.

MILAN, June 12,

We learn from Messina, that a Swedish frigate arrived there towards the end of last month, with a Tripolitan xebec, which they captured after a desperate engagement against four vessels of that nation—two of which were sunk. The Swedish frigate, it is said, had above a hundred men killed or wounded.

BERNE, June 30.

We have at length received positive intelligence from the lesser cantons; but this is far from being satisfactory. The constitution has been unanimously rejected in the three cantons of Schwiz, Uri and Underwalden. The inhabitants of these countries were given to understand, that if they rejected this second constitution, they would be able, as they long wished, to form an independent state, under the denomination of Tellgau, or country of William Tell. The magistrates, instead of penning registers at their habitations, caused the constitution to be read in the churches after divine service, and invited those who wished to accept it, to repair to the choir, to inscribe their names in the registers opened. But not a person would quit his place. The patriots even, that is, those who have filled the public functions in the name of the central government, intimidated by the menaces held out to them, were obliged to vote in the negative. It is tho't government will make new efforts to conciliate the minds of the people in these cantons. At Glaris, and in several other communes, the canton of Lintz, the prefects and subprefects yielding to the solicitations of the inhabitants, suffered them to meet in communial assemblies. The result of these assemblies has been the unanimous rejection of the constitution. Appenzel has had frequent communications with Schwitz. The acceptors are in the minority, but the rest of the canton of Sanus has given a more satisfactory result.

FOR SALE,

Looking-Glasses & Furniture.

The subscriber respectfully informs the public, that he has just received from New-York various kinds of Looking-Glasses, from 5 to 70 dollars each.—Also card tables, bureaus, &c. of an elegant and fashionable make. He continues to manufacture and sell all kinds of ornaments for chimney-pieces, door caps, frontice pieces, metal sashes, &c. &c.

GEORGE ANDREWS.

April 14, 1802. eptf

AGREEABLY to a Deed of Trust from Anthony Addison to the Subscriber, will be offered

For Sale,

TO the highest bidder, by Public Auction, at Stell's Hotel, in the City of Washington, on Monday the 9th day of August next, all that tract of land lying and being on the Eastern Branch of the Potowmac, opposite to said City called "Chichester, with addition re-surveyed," containing three hundred acres.

On the above-mentioned tract of land, is the Ferry Landing, so well known by the name of "Dyer's Ferry," now in the occupation of Capt. Naylor.

The Sale to commence at 11 o'clock in the forenoon—Terms of sale cash.

Wm. BRENT.

June 30, 1802. t9thA

The above sale is postponed till Saturday the 9th day of October next.

Aug. 26, 1802. ts

NOTICE.

THE creditors of Uriah Forrest, bankrupt, having appointed me the assignee of his estate and effects. All persons indebted to him, previous to the date of the commission of bankruptcy are required to make payment, and those who hold any of his property, to deliver the same to me

Mr. Forrest is authorised to make settlements of accounts and to attend to all business relating to his estate.

JOHN HEWITT, Reg.

Aug. 30, 1802. 1aw4t

NOTICE.

A MEETING of the subscribers to the Little River Road Company, is called at the house of Mrs. M'Cable in Leesburg, on the fourth Wednesday in September next, being the 22d of the month, in pursuance of the law, requiring that the commissioners or any four of them, shall as soon as two hundred shares are subscribed, call a meeting of the subscribers for the purpose of electing by a majority of votes, delivered in person or by proxy, one president, four directors, one treasurer, and such other officers as they shall think necessary, for well ordering and conducting the affairs of the said Company.—The commissioners having obtained the necessary number of shares, avail themselves of the earliest opportunity of calling together the subscribers in conformity to the law; they recommend a personal attendance if practicable, as it may be necessary to pass some bye laws and regulations for conducting the company's affairs, where that is too inconvenient it will be proper to appoint a proxy in writing, attested by one witness at least.

Wm. HARTSHORNE,
JOHN T. RICKETTS,
ISRAEL LACEY,
BURR POWELL.

Aug. 25, 1802. ept22S.

TO RENT,

And possession given immediately,

A TWO STORY brick house on F street near the War Office, containing two parlors, six bed rooms, and a kitchen, with an excellent garden, coach house, stable, &c.—The house is newly painted and papered; it was formerly occupied by Mr. Dexter, and lately by Mr. John Brown. Enquire of Clement Dorsey, Esq. George-Town; or of the subscriber, who has for sale a well finished three story brick house opposite the Six Buildings, and a variety of City Lots in the most eligible situations. The above House will be sold for less than any gentleman could build it. The payments will be made easy on the whole of the above property.

WILLIAM DYER.

April 7, 1802. eptf

☞ Building Materials will be taken in part payment. W.D.

City Hotel,

BROADWAY NEW-YORK.

THE Subscriber most respectfully informs his friends and the public, that the above Hotel will be opened on the first of May ensuing, when their patronage is earnestly solicited. He avails himself of this opportunity to return his sincere and grateful thanks to those societies, parties, and gentlemen, who have given him their support, and assures them that a continuance of their favors will be a stimulus to future exertions to please; and that the utmost attention shall be given for their comfort and accommodation.

Boarding may be had by the day, week, month, or year. Families travelling, may be elegantly accommodated with lodging and sitting rooms; and, if preferred, have dinners &c. in their apartments.

The Hotel being so well known, it is almost useless to say, that it is situated in one of the most healthy and pleasant parts of the city; commanding an extensive view in every direction, not only of the city itself, but also of the Narrows, the North and East Rivers, the state of New-Jersey, York and Long-Island, &c. &c.

A handsome coffee-room will be fitted up in the principal story; where gentlemen may have tea, coffee, chocolate, soups, and refreshments in general, at the shortest notice. All the leading newspapers in the union, will be regularly taken in.

Public dinners and suppers in a plain or elegant style either for large or small parties. Also, beef steaks, oysters, &c. regularly furnished. An ordinary every day at half past 2 o'clock, by the public's obedient servant,

JOHN LOVETT.

N. B. Rooms to let by the month or year.

April 21, 1802. eptf

Burnet and Rigden,

JEWELLERS & WATCH-MAKERS,

RESPECTFULLY inform the public, that they have just received, and for sale, a handsome assortment of

Gold and Silver Watches,

Gold, gilt and steel chains, seals and keys,
A variety of the most fashionable jewelry knife cases and fine knives,
Plated casters of various kinds,
Silver and steel mounted spectacles,
Ladies and gentlemen's pocket-books,
A quantity of the most fashionable prints, superbly framed and glazed.

And constantly keep an assortment of silver plate of their own manufacture, with a variety of fancy articles: all of which they are enabled to sell on the most reasonable terms.

July 14, 1802. eptf

CHARLES VARDEN,

Merchant Taylor from Philadelphia,
Capitol Hill, New-Jersey Avenue.

HAS received an assortment of summer goods consisting of the best superfine Cloths.

Cassimeres,
Silk Borrathes,
English Striped Nankeens,
White India Dimities,
White and printed Marselles,

With a variety of other articles suitable for the summer season.

N. B. Ladys Habits, Regimentals and Navy uniforms, made in the first style of fashion.

July 2, 1802. tf

Thomas Carpenter,

TAYLOR,

HAS just received an elegant and fashionable assortment of summer goods, consisting of London superfine cloths and cassimeres; India, Manchester, and silk striped nankeens; cotton cassimeres, boglepoor, Bengal elegant white chord for pantaloons, white and coloured marseilles, janes and satin crossovers, silk ginghams, black and other coloured striped satins, &c.—All which he will make up on the most reasonable terms, and in the most neat and fashionable manner—Pennsylvania Avenue, west of the President's square.

May 24, 1802. eptf

NOTICE.

On the first of September next, if fair, if not the next fair day, will be sold to the highest bidder, the London lands lately advertised by us in this paper.

AS we have before fully described them it will be unnecessary now to add any thing more in their favour. Suffice it to say that their quality and situation can not fail to recommend them to all persons desirous of establishing themselves in that part of the state—being within 40 miles of Alexandria and the Federal City, and as well adapted to farming as any lands in that country,

The terms will be made known on the day of sale.

JAMES M. GARNETT,
JOHN T. BROOKE,
Adm'rs. with the will annexed of James Mercer, Esq. deceased.

Aug. 23, 1802. epts

District of Virginia,

Richmond, Supervisor's Office, June, 30, 1802.

IT being believed that considerable portions of lands in the back counties of the state of Virginia, on which the Direct Tax of the United States remains unpaid, are owned by persons residing out of the state; and the same having been advertised, in pursuance of the act of Congress of the 16th of March last, amendatory of the act entitled "An act to lay and collect a Direct Tax within the United States," as may be seen by the notification of the Supervisor of the 2d of June inst. and running in the Examiner of Richmond, that being the paper in which the laws of the state are printed, to be sold for the tax and costs, in all cases where the same shall not be paid within six months from the date of the notification agreeably to the 2d section of the said amendatory act; it is recommended to all who own lands in the said state, whereon they do not know the tax to have been paid, to take measures for having the transcripts which have been lodged at the Supervisor's Office at Richmond, as directed by the said last-mentioned act, examined, in order to the ascertaining & paying such tax where due. And as, in some instances, lands have been assessed in the names of persons heretofore owning, but who have alienated them, it is further recommended that, upon sending to examine the transcripts, all names known to have been at any time connected as owner or owners with any tract or tracts in question, be sent forward, the better to guide the examination. The sales will take place generally in the month of December next, on dates which may be seen in the notification referred to above. This short sketch of the business is published in some of the papers of other states as a means of more certainly calling the attention of persons concerned, to the subject.

E. CARRINGTON,
Supervisor of the District of Virginia

Aug. 16, 1802. 1aw3m

FOR SALE.

The subscriber intending to move to the state of Kentucky, has and now offers for sale, the following lands, to wit:

A TRACT in the county of Frederick (Virginia) on Buck marsh, within 12 miles of Winchester, and 5 of Shenandoah river, containing four hundred and six acres under good repair, there is on the plantation between fifty and sixty acres of meadow land of the first quality, with a stream of water running through it, which can at no considerable expence and trouble, be watered if required; there is a dwelling house, kitchen, barn, blacksmith's shop, and several out-houses, a number of large and never-failing springs, several of which being quite convenient to the dwelling house, there is a valuable apple orchard, together with a number of other fruit trees, of the most choice kind.

A Tract adjoining on said marsh, containing seventy-even and two thirds acres, with a dwelling house, kitchen, a large commodious distillery with four stills, tubs, and other requisites sufficient, and in complete order for carrying on the distilling business. There is on this tract, ten acres of meadow land, which can be watered; and is an excellent stand for a store.

One other tract lying on the head of said marsh, and within half a mile of the last mentioned tract, and containing the same number of acres; a proportion of which is cleared, and under good inclosure, a convenient dwelling house, kitchen, and barn, with a well of water near the house, and a large spring at no great distance.

Also the tract whereon the subscriber lives, in four separate surveys, six hundred and twelve acres, lying within seventeen miles of Winchester, on the main road leading to Staunton; and on both sides of a large creek that divides the two counties, Frederick and Shenandoah. A proportion of those tracts, consist of rich low ground, on both sides of said creek; about twenty acres of handsome meadow, a dwelling house, kitchen, a large sheaded barn, with a number of other convenient and necessary outhouses, a good garden, a small apple, and pear orchard, and a number of young and thriving cherry trees; there are three small, but good, springs, one of which is tolerable convenient to the house.—The above lands are fertile, and well calculated for raising corn, and small grain of every description, and are particularly calculated for grazing farms, as they afford great quantities of the best grass. Any further description is thought unnecessary, as it is expected that all those wishing to purchase, would wish first to view the land, which will be shewn, and the terms of payment made known by the subscriber living on the last-mentioned premises, in Shenandoah county, Virginia.

WILLIAM A. BOOTH.

Aug. 23, 1802. ep4t

Superintendant's Office,

Washington, June 19, 1802.

IN pursuance of the directions of the Act of Congress, entituled, "An Act to abolish the Board of Commissioners in the City of Washington and for other purposes," and by virtue of the act of assembly of the state of Maryland, entituled "A further supplement to the act concerning the Territory of Columbia, and the City of Washington," the lots mentioned in the subjoined list (many of which are amongst the best lots in the city) will be exposed to sale by Public Auction at this office on Monday the 30th day of August next.

The sale will commence at ten o'clock A. M. and be continued by adjournment.

The terms of the sale will be, The purchase money to be paid down, or before ten o'clock on the next day of sale. In cases of default in payment as aforesaid, the purchases will be deemed void, the lots so purchased will be liable to re-sale under this advertisement, without other notice, and the defaulters may afterwards be rejected as bidders during the sale.

THOMAS MUNROE,
Superintendant.

List of Lots in the City of Washington referred to in the above advertisement, viz.

No. 2 in square No. 1, no 2 in sq 2, no 3 in sq north of sq 4, no 2 4 6 26 in sq 5, no 1 7 8 in sq 6, no 1 3 in sq 7, no 2 3 8 12 in sq 12, no 1 2 3 12 13 14 15 16 17 in sq 17, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 19 20 in sq 20, no 2 12 in sq 23, no 1 5 6 7 10 11 23 24 25 28 29 in sq 28, no 1 2 3 in sq 29, no 1 2 6 in sq 30, no 1 2 8 10 14 15 in sq 31, no 1 2 7 8 9 10 11 25 26 in sq 33, no 3 4 5 6 7 in sq 37 no 1 8 in sq 40, no 1 2 3 4 5 14 15 16 in sq 41, no 11 12 13 14 15 16 in sq 42, no 2 in sq 43, no 2 in sq 47, no 5 6 in sq 57, no 4 in sq 59, no 1 in sq 60, no 7 in sq 61, no 2 3 in sq 71, no 6 7 8 10 11 12 15 in sq 75, no 1 2 3 8 9 10 11 12 19 20 21 22 28 29 30 in sq 76, no 9 10 in sq 77, no 6 7 8 in sq 81, no 3 in sq 83, no 1 2 3 16 17 18 in sq 85, no 7 8 14 15 20 21 in sq 86, no 4 7 in sq 87, no 10 11 in sq 88, no 3 4 5 in sq 99, no 1 in sq south of sq 104, no 1 2 in sq 107, parts of no 3 12 in sq 118, no 4 5 6 in sq 119, no 6 7 8 in sq 120, no 15 16 17 18 19 24 25 26 27 in sq 126, no 20 in sq 141, no 11 in sq 142, no 2 3 4 and half of 18 in sq 143, no 6 in sq 144, no 2 3 7 8 9 10 12 13 in sq 158, no 1 4 5 6 7 in sq 161, no 1 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 in sq 164, no 3 4 in sq 170, no 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 in sq 172, no 1 2 5 6 10 11 12 13 16 17 21 in sq 185, no 1 2 4 7 8 9 14 15 16 in sq 196, no 15 16 in sq 198, no 1 9 11 12 15 in sq 226, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 in sq 247, no 6 in sq 253, no 12 in sq 288, no 2 3 4 5 6 7 9 10 12 13 14 in sq 317 no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 in sq 343, no 2 3 4 5 6 in sq 344, no 7 in sq 345, no 1 2 3 4 15 16 17 18 19 20 in sq 374, no 1 4 5 8 9 12 in sq 403, no 3 4 5 6 7 in sq 404, no 6 in sq 409, no 2 3 6 7 10 11 in sq 427, no 2 3 4 5 6 in sq 428, no 7 in sq 432, no 1 2 3 4 10 11 in sq 452, no 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 in sq 453 no 22 in sq 454, no 5 12 13 19 20 24 25 26 in sq 457, no 1 in sq south of square 467, no 3 4 5 6 in sq 492, no 5 9 10 in sq 493, no 4 5 6 7 in sq 494, no 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 28 in sq 517, no 2 4 6 8 in sq 518, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 in sq 529, no 20 in sq 533, no 7 8 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 in sq 534, no 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 13 in square 535, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 in sq 537, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 in sq 538, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 in sq 563, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 in sq 567, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 in sq 568, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 10 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 in sq 569, no 2 4 6 in sq 570, no 2 in sq 572, no 2 3 in sq 577, no 3 in sq 579, no 1 in sq north of sq 580, no 4 14 in sq 580, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 in sq 581, no 2 18 in sq 583, no 1 in sq north of sq 583, no 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 in sq 584, no 5 7 8 9 10 12 13 14 15 17 18 19 in sq 585, no 9 10 12 13 14 15 17 18 in sq 587, no 19 in sq 589, no 5 6 7 8 9 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 in sq 640, no 2 3 4 5 15 16 17 18 20 21 22 in sq 642, no 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 in sq east of sq 642, no 2 13 14 in sq 643, no 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 in sq south of sq 643, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 in sq 645, no 1 3 4 5 15 16 in sq 734, no 1 2 8 11 in sq 792, no 15 16 in sq 799, no 2 10 12 13 14 in sq 821, no 2 3 in sq south of sq 825, no 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 in sq 826, no 8 9 10 in sq 845, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 15 16 17 18 19 20 in sq 846, no 2 10 in sq 847, no 3 in sq north of sq 853, no 5 6 9 10 12 13 in sq 874, no 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 in sq 878, no 2 3 4 5 19 20 21 22 24 25 in sq 882, no 2 in sq 997, no 1 2 17 in sq 1000, no 3 4 in sq south of sq 1019, no 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 in sq 1020, no 2 in sq 1021, no 1 in sq 1022, no 1 2 3 11 12 13 14 in sq 1023, no 5 6, in sq 1024, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 24 25 26 34 35 36 in sq 1043, no 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 11 in sq 1045, no 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 in sq 1046, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 in sq 1047, no 1 2 3 4 5 6 24 25 26 27 28 31 32 in sq 1048, no 2 in sq 1064, no 1 3 in sq 1065, no 1 5 6 in sq north-east of sq 1065, no 1 2 3 4 14 15 16 17 18 in sq 1066, no 10 11 12 13 14 in sq 1067, no 2 3 4 11 12 13 in sq 1078, no 1 2 in sq south of sq 1091, no 1 2 9 10 11 12 in sq 1092, no 1 2 3 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 in sq 1105, no 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 in sq 1116, no 9 in sq 1117 no 5 6 7 8 in sq 1123, no 5 6 7 8 in sq 1130, no 3 in sq 1148, no 4 in square 1149.

THOMAS MUNROE,
Superintendant.

June 23, 1802. ept30A